

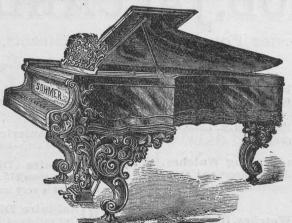
## THE LEADING PIANO OF AMERICA.



WAREROOMS AND FACTORIES:

235, 237, 239, 241, 243 and 245 East 23d Street, New York.

Superior to all others in Tone, Durability and Workmanship; have the indorsement of the Leading Artists.



FIRST MEDAL of Merit and Diploma of Honor at Centennial Exhibition.

PRICES REASONABLE: Cash or Installments

SOHMER & CO., Manufacturers, Grand, Square and Upright Piano-Fortes

Nos. 149-155 East Fourteenth Street,

NEW YORK.

E. P. OLSHAUSEN & CO., Agents for St. Louis, Mo., No. 10 S. FOURTH ST.

## BEHNING



Manufactory, East Side Boulevard, 124th St., Corner First Avenue. Agraffe Attachment, Warerooms, No. 129 East 125th Street.

NEW YORK.

SPECIALTIES!

## SPECIALTIES!

TETOE TELEVEL PLEED TET

Corner Fourth and Locust Streets,

ST. LOUIS. MO.

\$6.00 Fine Triple Plated Double Wall Ice Pitchers, each one warranted and stamped Mermod, Jaccard & Co. These are the best bargains ever offered in Ice Pitchers in St. Louis and are intensely appropriate to the season.

\$10.00 Nickel Stem-Winding Watches, warranted good time-pieces and satisfaction guaranteed to each purchaser by Mermod Jaccard & Co.

\$30.00 Solid Gold Watches, for Ladies, warranted good time-pieces, handsome and attractive in appearance.

\$35.00 Solid Gold Watches, for Gentlemen, warranted good time-pieces, satisfaction guaranteed.

.50 Small American Clocks, neat and attractive time-keepers—warranted.

\$15.00 Solitaire Diamond Rings, for \$15.00 and upwards in price. Our stock of Rings is very large and choice.

\$35.00 Solitaire Diamond Ear-Rings.
Our variety of Ear-Rings is very extensive, the largest in the west, and no one should purchase Diamonds before examining our stock.

The above are but a few of the extraordinary inducements we offer to buyers of goods in our line. Every article is absolutely of the quality it is represented to be, the price is marked in plain figures and there is but one price to all. Call and see us.

CHOICE MUSIC BOXES OF EVERY GRADE AT VERY LOW PRICES.

MERMOD, JACCARD & CO., Cor. 4th and Locust Sts.

## New Concert Upright Pianos.

## HerIMajesty's Opera Company.

COL. J. H. MAPLESON, Director.

NEW YORK, APRI 18t, 1668.

TO THE MESSRS. HAINES:

Gentlemen:—Having had an opportunity of using your "New Concert Upright Pianoforte," at the Concerts given by Her Majesty's Opera Company, at the Madison Square Theatre, we beg to compliment you upon your great success. Your New Upright surpassed our expectations. You can justly claim a superiority over any Pianoforte we have hitherto seen for Concert purposes which is equally as well adapted for accompanying the voice. Wishing you a continuance of the great success already achieved as manufacturers of the first rank,

We remain, very truly yours,

ITALO CAMPANINI,

ANNA DEBELOCCA,

SIGNOR BISACCIA,

ANTONIO F. GALASSI,

EMILE AMBRE,

ALFRED H. PEASE.

We remain, MARI
ITALO CAMPANINI, MARI
ANNA DEBELOCCA, ANT
SIGNOR BISACCIA,
ALFRED H. PEASE.

## Brignoli, Thursby, and Others.

NEW YORK, May 28th, 1880.

TO THE MESSRS. HAINES:

We have used your "New Concert Upright" on our recent tours, and the peculiarly successful manner in which it stood the severesttests, such as have heretofore been applied to the Grand Piano only, commands our unqualified endorsement.

Appreciating your great success as manufacturers of the *First* Rank,

onk,
We remain, very truly,
OLE BULL,
PIETRO FERRANTI,
MAURICE STRAKOSCH,
EMMA C. THURSBY,
A. TORRIANI,
JOSEPHINE CHATTERTON—BOHRER,
P. BRIGNOLI,
JULIA CHRISTIN,
ALFRED H. PEASE.

## The Emma Abbott Grand English Opera Company.

NEW YORK, October, 1879.

TO THE MESSRS. HAINES.

Gentlemen:—During our rehearsals of "Paul and Virginia,"
"Romeo and Juliet" and "Carmen," at your warerooms, we
had every opportunity to fully test your New Upright Pianofortes and found them singularly adapted for the heaviest as
well as the lightest music, combining therefor great power
with sweetness of tone, and in every respect superior instruments. Their tones likewise are brilliant, rich and clear, and
sustain the voice most admirably well as the lighteness of tone, and with sweetness of tone, and with sweetness of tone, and ments. Their tones likewise are bringers.

Appreciatively yours,

Appreciatively yours,

MARIE STONE,

ZELDA SEGUIN,

A. E. STODDARD,

ELLIS RYSE,

EMMA ABBOTT, ZE
TOM KARL, ZE
PAULINE MAUREL,
WM. MACDONALD,
WM. CASTLE.

WAREROOMS, 124 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK.

STORY & CAMP, General Western Agents,

188 & 190 State Street, CHICAGO.

203 North Fifth Street, ST. LOUIS.

В	A	R	R	S
A	Is One of the S  GRE  Is piled from Olive to I the careful cullings of the careful cultings of the careful cultings of the careful cullings of the careful cultings of the car	Т		
R	IT'S JU That ANY Thoughtful That ANY T	0		
R	WHERE there is a M WHERE the Quantit WHERE Shopping is READERS And do your Trading a Central Store, Sixth, O	R		
S	T	0	R	Ec

## J. KENNARD & SONS,

—DEALERS IN—

## CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS,

LACE AND DAMASK CURTAIN GOODS.

LARGEST CARPET HOUSE in the WESTERN COUNTRY.

Call and see our Stock before purchasing elsewhere.

420 & 422 N. Fourth Street,

ST. LOUIS.

## WEBER PIANO-FORTES.

## GALAXY OF STARS

Who pronounce the Weber Pianos the best Pianos in the world for their "Sympathetic, Pure, and Rich Tone, combined with Greatest Power."

## "AN INSTRUMENT WITH A SOUL IN IT."



PAREPA ROSA

NILSSON, MARIE ROZE, PATTI, CARRENO, STRAUSS, MILLS, GILMORE, KELLOGG. RIVE-KING, THURSBY, LUCCA, GODDARD, CAPOUL, WEHLI,And many others.

ALBANI, CARY. MURSKA, TORRIANI.CAMPANINI, MUZIO, BRIGNOLI.

PRICES REASONABLE.

TERMS EASY.

WAREROOMS, FIFTH AVENUE, COR. SIXTEENTH ST., NEW YORK.

Have shown themselves to be so far superior to all others in Excellence of Workmanship, Elasticity of Touch, Beauty of Tone, and great Durability, that they are now earnestly sought for by all persons desiring

## THE VERY BEST PIANO.

CAUTION.—All genuine Decker Pianos have the following name (precisely as here shown) on the pianos above the keys:

Low Prices.

Decker Brothers.

Easy Terms.

New York.

SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE.

No. 33 Union Square,

NEW YORK.

## KUNKELS MUSICAL REVIEW.

A Journal Devoted to Music, Art, Literature, and the Drama.

VOL. IV.

SEPTEMBER, 1881.

No. 1.

## THE FASHIONABLE MISS.

Miss Pallas Eudora Von Blurky, She didn't know chicken from turkey; High Spanish and Greek She could fluently speak, But her knowledge of poultry was murky.

She could tell the great-uncle of Moses, And the dates of the Wars of the Roses, And the reason of things— Why the Indians wore rings In their red aboriginal noses;

Why Shakespeare was wrong in his grammar, And the meaning of Emerson's "Brahma;" And she went chopping rocks With a little black box, And a small geological hammer.

She had views upon co-education, And the principal needs of the nation, And her glasses were blue, And the number she knew Of the stars in each high constellation.

And she wrote in a handwriting clerky, And she talked with an emphasis jerky,
And she painted on tiles
In the sweetest of styles,
But she didn't know chicken from turkey.

## COMICAL CHORDS.

INDIANS are hair 'em scare 'em sort of fellows.

Is whooping cough a disease peculiar to coopers?

DON'T judge of a man's character by the umbrella he carries. It may not be his.

Mrs. Partington declares herself "dead set" against the "reversed Scriptur."

A FLY is said to have 16,000 eyes. No wonder he is careless where he leaves his specs

OLD MOTHER HUBBARD must have been from Chicago—she had so much room in one shoe.—Puck.

WHEN the young men invite the girls to moonlight walks, are they fishing smacks?—Wit and Wisdom.

How to make a pair of back stairs—Let two women with new bonnets on pass each other on the street.

A ST. LOUIS maiden wants to know how to avoid having a moustache come on her upper lip. Eat onions.

DEAN SWIFT prophesied that he would dye first at the top. He did not expect to ever become bald-headed.

"I can not bear the lays of long ago," said the crushed actor, when they threw rotten eggs at him.—Score.

JONES, on hearing a band of "picked musicians" torturing a tune at a recent concert, said, "Ah, I understand; they were picked before they were ripe!"

THE organ-blower in a London church recently fell asleep during the service, of which fact the audience soon became conscious by the vigorous blowing of his own organ. Rev. Arthur Hall, the preacher, after hearing it for a while, stopped and remarked:

"I do not object to a quiet nap on a hot day, and am flattered at being able to contribute to anybody's repose; but, while proud at being able to give the beloved sleep, I wish it distinctly understood that I draw the line at snores. There is a man snoring in the congregation, and I shall be obliged if somebody will waken him."

The offender was quickly roused.

It was Artemus Ward who said there are two things in this world for which no one is ever prepared—namely, twins.

"If Jones undertakes to pull my ears," said a loud-spoken young man, "he'll just have his hands full." Those who heard him looked at his ears, and smiled.

A TRAVELER in Utah says that he counted fourteen infantile heads in one door of a cabin on the Jordan River. If this be true, it was indeed a one-door-full sight.

It is said that kerosene will remove stains from furniture. It has also been known to remove the furniture, stains and all, with the stove and a red-headed girl thrown in.

"Who was it that said 'it is not good for man to be alone,'" asked a Sunday school teacher of his class. A bright boy answered, "Daniel, sir, when he was in the lion's den!"

An old man-of-war sailor, who had lost a leg, became a retailer of peanuts. He said he was obliged to be a retailer because, having lost a leg, he could not be a whole sailor.

THE first musical amateur said he would take the violin; the second, that he would take the viola; and the third, that he would take the horse-car and go home.—Boston Transcript.

This is Wit and Wisdom's warning to Musical People:
"The grasshopper is on the wing,
Devouring every verdant thing."

"In choosing a wife," says the *Phrenological Journal*, "be governed by her chin." The worst of it is that, after having chosen a wife, one is apt to keep on being governed in the same

"ENCOURAGE home talent, and put down Italian cheap labor; I'm a Missouri musician!" was the placard borne on the back of an organ grinder that lately paraded the streets of St. Louis.

"OH, dear!" exclaimed Edith to her doll, "I do wish you would sit still. I never saw such an uneasy thing in my life. Why don't you act like grown up folks and be still and stupid for awhile?"

A WOMAN may offer in excuse for her red nose that she laces too tightly, but what shall a man say?—Ex. O, he can offer the same excuse. He also gets too "tightly" by so-lacing himself.—Norristown Herald.

PARIS: "I have just been painting a portrait of Gambetta," remarked a celebrated artist to Count X., a furious Legitimist. "Have you?" returned the other savagely. I am glad of it. Curse him! I hate him!"

"Tommy, did you hear your mother call you?" "Course I did!" "Then why don't you go to her at once?" "Well, yer see she's nervous, and it'd shock her awful'fi should go too suddent."—Yonkers Gazette.

LET us go into the parlor, Close the blinds, turn up the light: Sister's teeth are at the dentist's; She can't see her beau to-night. —Folio.

THE baneful effects of drink. O'Mulligan—"It's drink, sorr, that's the curse of Ould Oireland. Drink!—that makes a man 'bate' his wife, starve his children, go out to shoot his landlord—and miss him, too, bedad!"

HE took his girl to Gloucester,
And there, by Jove, he loucester,
And as she happened to have his doucester,
He fell to and lustily concester.
—Stolen from some one, we've forgotten whom.

WE reproduce the following pastoral for the special benefit of our rural subscribers: "Don't kill the toads, the ugly toads that hop around your door. Each meal the toad doth eat a hundred bugs or more. He sits around with aspect meek until the bug is neared, then shoots he forth his little tongue like lightning double geared. And then he soberly doth wink, and shuts his ugly mug, and patiently doth wait until there comes another bug."

## Bunkel's Musical Beview.

I. D. FOUL	NC	, A	1	1.,	LI	. B	٠,		-		-	]	ED	то	R.
su	BSC	CRI	PT	IOI	1—1	Inc	lud	ing	Po	sta	ge.	)			
Four Months.		-				-		-						\$	50
Six Months,			-										-		75
One Year		-		-				-				-		1	56
Single Copy,			-				-		-						15

\*\* All matter intended for publication in the REVIEW should be addressed to the editor, care of Kunkel Brothers, St. Louis, Mo., in time to reach St. Louis at the latest by the 23d of the month preceding the month of publication.

Subscribers finding this notice marked will understand that their subscription expires with this number. The paper will be discontinued unless the subscription is renewed promptly.

## Special to Teachers.

The music that appears in the REVIEW is also published by us in regular sheet form, and can be had from all music dealers, or from Kunkel Bros. direct.
The same careful fingering, phra-

same careful fingering, phrasing, etc., exists in all our editions.

WE hope to see, at the office of the REVIEW, as many of its friends as come to St. Louis to attend the great fair in October.

WE regret to say that, by some unaccountable delay in the mail, the story promised us by Count de Vervins did not reach us in time for insertion in this issue.

HAVE you seen "Chopin's Best Thoughts" ? If not, send to Kunkel Brothers for them. They are far ahead of anything of a similar kind ever published before.

"Honor to whom honor is due;" therefore we take pleasure in saying that the excellent and very singable translations into German of the text of the songs which have appeared in the REVIEW during the last two years, are the work of Herr M. Niedner. Parties wishing similar work done can obtain his terms by addressing him in care of the REVIEW.

Kunkel's Royal Edition of standard piano compositions is intended to embrace all the best works usually known under the name of reprints, but revised, explained, fingered, etc., by eminent composers. Aside from the care with which they are edited, they are gotten up in elegant style. The title pages are, we believe, the most elegant ever issued on this side of the Atlantic. See announcement on page 31.

WE have vainly endeavored to discover the name and address of the author of the words of the song "The Penitent's Prayer," which appears in this number. Our publishers therefore offer a prize of five dollars' worth of music, from their catalogue, to any one who will send them the said name and address. It may satisfy the curiosity of those who are interested in rapid composition to learn that the music was composed in less than ten minutes, on Sunday morning, August 7. It is being published also as a quartette, for the use of church choirs.

## PAST, PRESENT, AND FUTURE.

Since birthdays are always opportune seasons for retrospective and prospective views of one's life, and since, with this number, the REVIEW enters upon the fourth year of its being, it may not be unprofitable for us, gentle reader, to talk together over its past, present, and future. Therefore, with your permission we shall make that the subject of a few minutes' converse.

In order not to travel over ground covered in previous articles, let us limit our retrospect to the year just gone. You have a right, gentle reader, to ask how the REVIEW has acted, and what it has accomplished during that time, and we propose to forestall your question by an answer, of whose correctness you are quite competent to judge.

The REVIEW has blackmailed no one, but it has been fearless in its exposure of humbugs; it has seldom taken up the weapons of war, but when it has, it has made a center shot every time; it has been a true friend to its friends, an open foe to its foes; it has asked no favors, it has done many; it has been liberal in all things, but neutral in nothing that came within its scope; it has kept all its promises to its subscribers, yea, has done more than it had promised; it has aimed to be and we believe has been a means of education as well as a source of innocent recreation to the many thousands to whom it has paid its monthly visits. Reader, you will be glad to know that its efforts have been appreciated. We could fill page upon page with the commendatory letters which we have received, and, what is better still, we have filled page after page of our subscription list with the names of new and valuable subscribers. What do you think of an increase of nearly fifty per cent in the number of subscribers from the first of June to the date of the present writing?

This brings us to the present, which, we confess, is a moment of satisfaction, though not one of repose, since, already, we are laying plans for the future which, we think, will make the current volume of the REVIEW better than any that have gone before. Not the least of these is an enlargement of its space, either by the addition of several pages, or by a curtailing of the advertising space, or both; but of this, more here-

But, kind reader, we started out to talk with you, and, so far, we have only talked to you; it has been again the pulpit preaching to the pews. But the pulpit wishes to hear what the pews have to say, and so we invite you very seriously, after you have read this, to write to us and tell us frankly what features in the Review you have liked best, what least; what you think might add to the interest or usefulness of our paper. We wish to hear from every one, old and young, learned or unlearned. We do not promise to adopt all or any of the suggestions which may be made, but, as far as consistent with our selfimposed standard of excellence, we mean to give our readers what they wish, and we shall consider it a favor to receive the suggestions of any and all of our thousands of unknown friends.

## WHICH DO?

We have so far refrained from taking part in the discussion of the relative merits of the "fixed" and "movable do" systems aroused by Theodore Thomas article published in Scribner's Monthly some time since, simply because we thought "the game was not worth the candle." So many of our readers, however, have addressed us upon the subject that we have concluded to give our views in as few words as possible.

First, it is necessary to say (for some of our correspondents seem to have gotten muddled upon that point) that the movable do system is applicable, and applied only to singing. The movable do system, originated by Pestalozzi, is that in which the tonic of any scale is taken as do, and is almost universally used in the United States. Now, if we bear in mind that the signature of a piece is merely a means of transposition, that the intervals of the scale remain precisely the same, no matter what the key may be, we shall readily see that by the movable do system the transposition is made once for all, at the beginning of the song, while by the fixed do or continental system the mental effort of transposition must be made for every note which is affected by the signature. That the former is the less complex and difficult process is self-evident. Upon the other hand it must be admitted that persons unaccustomed to the constant transposition we have just spoken of, must and do find greater difficulty in chromatic passages or in modulations from one key into another than those who have been taught upon the fixed do plan. So far as experience goes, we believe it can easily be established that in elementary instruction the Pestalozzian, American, or movable do system has been found productive of better results than any other, Mr. Thomas to the contrary notwithstanding. So far as the claim that the movable do system "shuts the door to the knowledge of absolute pitch" is concerned, it may be put down among those things which men supposed to be great, may say with impunity, but which a school-boy would be laughed at for suggesting. Absolute pitch does not exist. The French diapason normal, the English pitch, and the American concert pitch all differ. There has been a tendency to a constant rise in pitch for over two hundred years, so that compositions of the old masters, if played as they are written, at our present concert pitch are, in many cases, actually pitched from one and a half to two tones higher than the composer intended them to be. Indeed, we need not go so far back. Try a Steinway and a Weber piano fresh from their respective factories, and you wil, find the former about a semi-tone higher than the latter. Which has the absolute pitch? But supposing some one pitch to be settled upon universally-does Mr. Thomas believe that, without reference to any other instrument, he could tune his violin so that any of its notes would give the precise number of vibrations to the second that might have been agreed upon? If not, what does he know about absolute pitch?

in elementary instruction in singing which, we believe, two years. I don't mind it at all."

will cause it to continue to retain its position in this country; but the difficulties of the fixed do system once conquered, modulations and chromatic passages are more easily executed, and that is all there is of it. Indeed, "much cry and little wool!"

BETTING is very wicked, and hence we (not being very wicked) never, or at least seldom indulge in it; but, as the French say, "Une fois n'est pas coutume," and, not long since, we succumbed to the temptation -and won. This is how it happened: Some months ago a certain alleged musical paper received rather severe castigation at our hands for its bad faith and duplicity. It made a faint show of fight, but soon abandoned the field, and, from a safe distance, placed its hand upon its heart and swore that we were very, very bad, that it was very, very good, but that under no circumstances would it ever again notice the attacks of the ba-a-a-d man of the REVIEW. As we had other and larger fish to fry, we gave the alleged musical paper a bit of parting advice and dropped it. Shortly before our August issue a certain musician ventured the assertion in our presence that we could not get the said alleged, etc., aforesaid to reply to anything we might say of it. We thought the man who could not "poke up the animals" was not fit to run a menagerie; we said so, and a wager was offered. The temptation was too great; we fell. In our August issue we stirred up the double-ended phenomenon, and it came at us with the crushing epithet of "atom!" That "atom" was worth just five dollars to us, but the party of the second part says, rather disconsolately: "Those fellows are bigger fools than I took them to be!"

## ROUGH ON REMENYI.

While Remenyi was journeying from Canton to Oswego, N. Y., the other day, it so happened he was overtaken in the car by one of his moods for composition. Among the passengers was a middle-aged lady who seemed deeply interested in the artist, and who watched his somewhat singular movements carefully. He moved up and down the aisle restlessly, occasionally throwing himself into any seat that happened to be vacant, alternately humming scraps of melody, which he hurriedly inscribed upon envelopes, newspapers, etc., all the time seemingly oblivious of his surroundings and wholly engrossed by his thoughts. This had been going on for half an hour or more. when the lady touched one of the Oswego party, who sat on the seat in front of her, on the shoulder, and said: "I beg your pardon, but I saw you talking with that strange acting person," (pointing to Remenvi. who sat near the water cooler, his eyes intently fixed upon a scrap of paper and his right arm waving gracefully, "May I ask if he is Remenyi, the violinist?" "Yes, madam, that's Remenyi." "I thought so. I heard him play at Canton. What is the matter with him?" "Nothing serious; eccentricity of genius. Don't think there is any cause for alarm." "Oh, no; In a word, the Pestalozzian system has advantages I've had charge of a ward in a lunatic asylum over



## J. HOWARD FOOTE,

31 Maiden Lane, New York, and 188 and 190 State St., Chicago. SOLE U. S. AGENT FOR

## HOURTOIS PARIS GOR

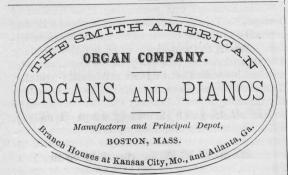
AND BAND INSTRUMENTS,
Badger's Boehm Flutes, Bini Guitars,
Meyer Flutes and Piccolos.

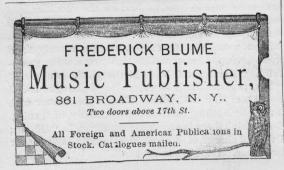
Manufacturer of Band Instruments, Guitars, etc. Importer of the best Violin Strings made. General Agent for the Orguinette. Catalogues free. Mention Kunkel's Musical Review.

## CEO. WOODS & CO., UPRIGHT PIANOS, PARLOR ORGANS,

High Grade Instruments Only.







## Miscellaneous.

## THE MINSTREL.

(From the German of Goethe.)

"What is't without the gate I hear,
What on the drawbridge sound?
Quick, let the song unto our ear,
Within the hall resound!"
The monarch spoke, the page he sped;
The boy returned, the monarch said:
"Conduct the old man in!"

"All hail, ye noble lords and peers,
All hail, ye gentle dames!
E'en richer than the starry spheres!
Who knoweth all their names?
In this bright hall, where splendors blaze,
Close, close mine eyes, ye may not gaze,
Nor feast with wonder now!"

He closed his eyes, he struck an air,
The thrilling tones resound;
The Knights with courage looked, the fair
Gazed down upon the ground.
The King was pleased and, for his strain
To honor him, a golden chain
He bade them bring to him.

"The golden chain I may not take, The chain on Knights bestow, Before whose daring presence break The lances of the foe. Give it thy chancellor to wear, Let him the golden burden bear With others that he has!"

"I sing as do the little birds
That 'mid the branches live,
The song which I pour fourth in words
Its own reward doth give;
Yet may I ask grant this request:
Give me a draught of wine, the best,
In goblet of pure gold."

He raised the cup, the cup did drain,
"Oh draught more sweet than all!
May prosper long the house and reign
Where such a gift is small!
If well thou farest, think of me,
And thank thy God as I do thee
For this delicious draught."

## MAJOR AND MINOR.

DR. GARDINI, husband of Mdme. Gerster, has been appointed United States Consul at Boulogne.

THE Musical Herald says that the proper pronunciation of Agnus Dei is Arg-noos Day-ee. That is an ar-stonishing arsertion!

Mr. Carl Zerrahn has been chosen conductor of the Boston Handel and Haydn Society for the twenty-eighth consecutive year.

HAINES BROTHERS shipped Mlle. Valleria an upright piano on July 15, the second instrument the prima donna has purchased from the firm.

J. L. PETERS, who has been East, is once more at his post. His business is increasing rapidly. We hope he will be merciful and leave a little for his rivals.

MARCUS EPSTEIN is not only an excellent pianist, he is also a magnificent marksman. He recently shot fifteen dollars' worth of cartridges in twenty shots. Fact!

In France the study of music in the Lyceums and Normal schools is to be rendered obligatory. The young republic is giving us an example which we would do well to follow.

Mr. A. J. Phillips' vocal classes will be reopened during the first week in September. Mr. Philips is fast becoming one of the most popular of the teachers of vocal music in St. Louis.

E. BOULANGER, head of the clerical force at Lebrun's, is a sharp fellow, but he was recently victimized by two sharps to the tune of \$——; well, he might not like to have the amount told!

THE London Royal College of Organists has recently conferred the title of A. C. O., upon Mr. E. M. Bowman, of St. Louis, Mo., well known in the United States as a skillful organist and theorist. Mr. Bowman is the first American who has won this distinction, and the occasion was marked by a banquet at the college buildings in his honor.—Weekly Register, London.

A BAND of Scandinavian musicians is about to leave Copenhagen with the object of giving performances in Germany of the works by the leading composers of Sweden, Norway, and Denmark.

MAX MARETZEK says he has a claim against Adelina Patti for at least \$23,000 on account of a broken contract, and that he proposes to collect the amount by law, when she comes to

EUGENE THAYER, the well-known organist, has accepted a call from the First Presbyterian Church (Dr. Hall's), on Fifth Avenue, New York. Mr. Thayer will probably remove to New Avenue, New York. York in September.

ACCORDING to the Guide Musical, of Brussels, Henri Vieux-temps has left a number of unpublished compositions, among which may be specially mentioned three violin Concertos, a string quartet, an opera entitled "Jeanne de Messine," and numerous solo pieces for the violin.

MR. FRED GODFREY has been seized with a brain disease, and placed under confinement in an asylum. Mr. Godfrey was probably one of the best known military band and dance conductors of the day. Some time ago he suffered a stroke of paralysis, which has directly led to the present attack.

MR. ROBERT GOLDBECK and wife were at last accounts near Milwaukee, having a good time during the Flitterwochen. Music, of course, has lost none of its charms for the eminent musician, and, mindful of the fact, Mr. Rohlfing, of Milwaukee, very courteously sent to his rooms a magnificent Steinway piano.

SCHAEFFER's trade, says the American Art Journal, increased a trifle over 25 per cent last season. He is now making four styles of squares and several uprights. The materials used in the construction of Schaeffer's pianos are furnished by reliable firms, who are widely known to the trade, and the instruments are good in tone, touch, finish, and workmanship.

ANTON RUBINSTEIN presented Lassalle with a copy of "II Demonio," the fly-leaf of which bore this dedication, in the donor's handwriting: "On the 1st of June, 1881, a Demon rendered a man happy! The Demon was Lassalle and the Man the composer of this score. In remembrance of this event, the Man has vowed eternal gratitude to the Demon."

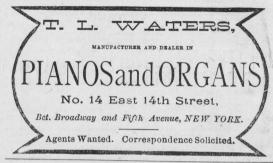
ANTON STRELESZKI, the young Russian piano virtuoso, has for some weeks been playing with great success in New Orleans. His own compositions have attracted especial attention by their originality, purity, depth, and finish. The most striking of these were probably the Romance Russe and the Valse-Caprice (the latter dedicated to Essipoff), which Kunkel Brothers have secured at large expense, and which will be issued by them in elegant style on or before the 8th inst.

M. WECKERLIN, the librarian of the Paris Conservatoire, has made an interesting discovery in the library of that institution. Between the covers of a long-forgotten portfolio he found the original edition of the first published work by Mozart, bearing the title: "Sonates pour le clavecin, qui peuvent se jouer avec l'accompagnement de violon, dédiées à Madame Victoire de France, par J. G. Wolfgang Mozart, de Salzbourg, agé de sept ans. Œuvre premiere gravée, par Mme. Vendôme, cidevant rue Saint-Jacques, à présent rue Saint-Honoré, à Paris, aux adresses ordinaires." The copy in question is, moreover, the identical one which the child-composer presented to Madame Victoire (daughter of Louis XV.), being richly bound, and bearing a high-toned dedicatory inscription in French in the composer's handwriting.

THE Beethoven Conservatory opens its fall session under very favorable auspices. But few changes have occurred in the Faculty of Instruction. Prof. Waldauer remains the director and teacher of the violin, the Epstein brothers are still at the head of the piano and organ departments, while Mr. Carl Richter manages the vocal department, Professors Amann and Buechel, and Miss McEwing are at their old posts. Aside from Prof. Richter, who became a member of the faculty towards the close of the last session, and has since justified the good report we then made of his abilities, the only new member of the teaching body is Miss Nellie strong, who, after three years' study at Leipzig, under Reinecke, is now at Weimar studying with Liszt, who, it is said, declares her a fine performer and excellent musician. She will join the faculty on October 1st. From present indications, the attendance on the Conservatory will be larger than ever before.

on the Conservatory will be larger than ever before.

RICHARD RANFT, a brother-in-law of the Steinways, knows probably more about pianos than about horse-flesh—but he knows more about horses now than he did formerly. He saw in a New York paper an advertisement offering to sell a blooded mare, "record 2:19; 7 years old" for \$400, bought her, had her hitched up to a sulky, found she could move her hind legs much faster than her fore-legs, that she was winded after running four hundred yards, had to pay for the sulky, then swore out a warrant against the seller, one Baker, for obtaining money under false pretenses, but dropped the prosecution when Baker offered to return the money paid. The swindler af erwards called upon the superintendent of the Brooklyn police and explained matters thus: "I'm a dealer in horses, and don't deny it. If any man thinks he can get for \$400 a horse that will make a mile in 2:19, why he's a d—d fool. I don't say that mare can run a mile in 2:19. I'm not quoting the distance she can make in that time; d'yer understand?"





ESTABLISHED 1843.

WOODWARD & BROWN,

562 Washington St., BOSTON.

KRANICH & BACH'S Celebrated New Patent' Agraffe Pianos. LORING & BLAKE'S PARLOR ORGANS,

The best in the World.

MERKEL & SONS, Manufacturers of PIANOS,

(SOLE AGENTS.)

204 South Fifth Street, ST. LOUIS.













## IN WHAT LANGUAGE SHALL WE SING?

It may be accepted as axiomatic that it is desirable that an audience should understand the words of whatever music it hears sung. An apparently logical sequitur to this axiom is that all singing should be done in the vernacular. Yet there are few problems in artistic "ways and means" so involved and so difficult to solve satisfactorily as just this one. It is easy to say that the sentiments expressed by the words of, say, a German song, should be very clearly comprehensible to an American audience, and that the only means of making these sentiments comprehensible is singing the song in English. It must be admitted, however, that this method is fraught with many dangerous difficulties. The closer and more intimate the connection between the text and music of a song, the more desirable is it that this connection be made patent to the listener. But also the more difficult is it to preserve this connection in a transla-tion; for hand in hand with the influence exerted upon the music by the sense of the text goes the far subtler influence of the phonetic character of the text and of its poetic flavor. Charles Gounod complained bitterly of the Italian translation of the tenor air in the third act of "Faust." The words, "Salve, dimora casta e pura!" said he, are far from producing the same impression upon the mind and the poetic sense as the original, "Salut, demeure chaste et pure!" The broad, orotund Italian vowels, which have all the uncompromising glare of primary colors, accord but ill with the atmosphere of mystery and timid adoration which pervades the whole first part of the air in question; the delicate secondary or tertiary tints of the more muffled French vowels are far more in place. The only broad vowel sounds in the French verse are the two a's, in salut and chaste. The former of these comes on a short note, and thus escapes observation. The latter comes on the capital note of the phrase, but how modestly its glare is toned down by the soft ch which precedes, and the mute e which follows it! The a is wadded, as it were, by these muffled sounds, whereas the hard c of the Italian casta throws it into all the more brilliant prominence. Such alteration of vowel and consonant sounds in the text of a musical phrase is often a matter of great weight; it is very much of the nature of changing the instrumentation of an orehestral phrase. Again, it is often extremely important to preserve the order of words in a sentence. In the long tenor scena in the third act of "Tannhäuser," where the hero describes his pilgrimage to Rome, there is a phrase in which Tannhäuser cries for "Erlösung aus den heissen Banden" (deliverance from the burning chains) of passion. The tempestuous harmony in the orchestra is illumined by a radiant chord of the sixth-and-fourth at the word erlösung (deliverance), which is followed by a terrible diminished-seventh chord at the word heissen (burning). Musical illustration of a text can go no farther. In the English version of "Tannhäuser" (Novello's edition) the order of the words is so inverted that the English word for heissen comes at the six-four chord, while the word for erlösung comes on the discord. That is to say, the whole sense of the music is changed to nonsense.

No doubt a better translation might have been made, and may still be made, to satisfy the demands of the conscientious English singer; but the fact remains that the poor English version criticized above actually exists, and the chances are that English singers will prefer using it to taking the trouble to procure a better one. And here we come to what is, after all, the strongest argument against using English translations of German, French, or Italian songs. The translations actually in the market are, as a rule, very bad in themselves, beside being ill-adapted to the music. Great composers, as a rule, set pretty good poetry to music. The average translations of songs which are published in this country and in England

can lay no claim to being decent poetry at all. Admitting that a complete appreciation of a song is impossible if the text is not understood by the listener. is it not better that the listener should get an incomplete impression rather than a wrong and utterly distorted one? Is it not better, while listening to Schumann's music, to hear Heine's words—

"Ich grolle nicht, Wenn auch das Herz mir bricht,"

even without understanding them, than to have the whole impression of the music spoiled by hearing such unspeakable balderdash as—

"I'll ne'er complain, E'en though I die with pain"?

In view of the wretched poetic quality of the large majority of English versions of German, French, and Italian songs, we should say that there can be but one valid excuse for using these versions at all, and this is the singer's inability to sing in a foreign language. We remember one striking instance of the vastly superior effect of the original text of a song to that of a translation. At a performance of Mozart's "Don Giovanni" at the Royal Opera in Berlin, Madame Lucca (Zerlina) was encored in the air, "Schmähle, schmähle, lieber Junge." In repeating the air, she sang it in the original Italian, "Batti, batti, o bel Masetto." It in the original Italian, "Batti, batti, o bet Masetto." It was like light after darkness, grace after clumsiness, poetry after prose. The mere phonetic effect of language in singing is important. What music-lover, who has heard Tamberlik sing "Don Ottavio," would wish to have the word cielo in the maskers' trio changed to heaven?

One circumstance should not be forgotten. In American audiences a large number of persons do understand both French and German. To impose the hearing of a poor English translation upon such people. ple is surely more cruel than to make the others listen to songs in an unknown tongue. Here, as elsewhere, it may be said, "To him that hath shall be given."

## CURIOSITIES IN BOOK-BINDING.

There are many books which absolutely require binding, and the most uninviting library we ever saw was one laden with French and German books, all in yellow and brown paper covers. And then, again, if we think merely of the general effect of a library, there is no doubt a richness and show about shelves filled with handsomely bound books, which cloth binding, however elaborately gilded, can never give. In the Melbourne Library, a special symbol, indicating the class to which the book belongs, is stamped upon the back; a leaf, a mask, a weapon, show that the book is connected with botany, with the drama, or with war. In one library which we know there is a large series of books connected with the French Revolution, all clad in tricolor uniform, and another collector himself designs appropriate binding for every book he has, and gets the stamps cut on purpose. The best and most durable material for binding is, on the whole, morocco. It is less subject to rot from dry heat (not necessarily gas), absorbing the moisture in the leather, than either calf or Russia, and, though expensive, it is certainly much to be preferred to the buckram which the librarian of the London Institution has so warmly commended. One art connected with book-binding seems entirely to have died out—the painting of pictures on the gilt edges of the book. It was carried to great perfection at the beginning of the century, and a Yorkshire binder was celebrated for his paintings. The unopened volume showed only the gilding, but when opened, and the edges pressed gently back, the landscape, as it usually was, appeared.

Pope's Theatre does not intend to be surpassed in neatness by any other place of amusement in St. Louis. The painters, paper-hangers, etc., have been hard at work for weeks making it look better than new.

## VOSE & SONS.

Manufacturers of

SUPERIOR SQUARE

OFFICE AND WAREROOMS:

535 WASHINGTON ST., - - - - BOSTON.

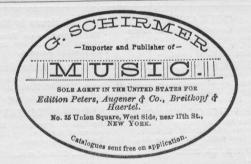
## PERKINS' GRADED ANTHE BOOK 1.

BY H. S. PERKINS.

Contains Solos and Duets for all voices, Offertories, Responses, Opening and Closing Pieces, Hymns, Anthems, etc. Adapted for all Denominations. Nearly sheet music size, 176 pages, durably bound in heavy boards. Price, \$1 per copy; \$7.50 per dozen. Specimen pages mailed free. Published by

WM. A. POND & CO.,

25 Union Square, N. Y.



## LIGHTE & ERNST.

Old House of Lighte, Newton & Bradbury, Established 1840.

MANUFACTURERS OF FIRST-CLASS

## PIANO-FORTES.

No. 10 Union Square,

NEW YORK CITY.



## The Albrecht Pianos

HAVE FEW EQUALS, AND NO SUPERIORS!

PAGENTS WANTED

Address for Illustrated Catalogue and Price List

ALBRECHT & CO.

No. 610 Arch Street.

Philadelphia, Pa.

## SCHAEFFER.

-MANUFACTURER OF-

## Square and Upright Piano-Fortes,

524 & 526 West 43d Street,

NEW YORK.

These Pianos were Awarded a Prize at the Paris International Exposition, 1878.

## GREAT JOY.

For Gospel Meetings, Revivals, and Sunday Schools. By W. W. Bentley, Alfred Bierly, Mrs. M. E. Willson.

## HELPING HAND.

Purest and Sweetest of all Sunday-School Song Books. By W. T. Giffe.

35c each. \$3.60 per doz.

SONG CLARION. For Singing Schools, Conventions, etc. By W. T. Giffe.

50c each. \$5.00 per doz.

## First 20 Hours In Music.

For Beginners on Piano or Cabinet Organ. By Robert Challoner. 75c each.

## Western Anthem Book.

For Chorus or Quartette Choirs. By W. T. Giffe.

## \$1.00 each. \$9.00 per doz. MUSIC MADE EASY.

The Most Practical Music Primer of the Day. By Robert Challoner. 50c each.

GEO. D. NEWHALL & CO., Cincinnati, O.

## THE PETERSILEA MUSIC, OF ACADEMY

ELOCUTION AND LANGUAGES,

281 Columbus Avenue, BOSTON, MASS.

Grade of musical education as high as in Europe. Private or class lessons. Education of fine soloists and teachers a specialty.

BEGINNERS ONLY TEN DOLLARS PER TERM.

History and Theory of Music, Harmony, English Literature, Concerts, Readings, Piano Recitals, and Ensemble Lessons free. Situations procured for graduates. Send for circular.

## CONSERVATOR BEETHOVEN

1603 OLIVE STREET,

WALDAUER, DIRECTOR.

All branches of Music taught at this Institution, and every one represented by a first-class

## Teacher and Performer

This Conservatory keeps open all Summer for the accommodation pupils and such teachers as wish to perfect themselves during the Summer Term.

TUITION—\$12, \$16 and \$19 per quarter, either for Instrumental or Vocal lessons. Scholars may enter at any time. The beginning of their quarter commences with the first lesson they take. Send for circulars:

## VOICE AND VERSE.

Before the modern orchestra attained its selfdependence, vocal music had an instrumental character. Therefore, we find in the works of Bach and Handel many florid passages sung to one syllable, and in the secular songs of their day, burdens of "tra la la," etc., or meaningless expressions, on which the singer might vocalize florid runs free from all considerations of the text. Subsequently all such rapid passages were given to the instruments, and greater consideration was accorded to the natural require-

ments of the language.

A glance at the chorus parts of Mendelssohn's oratorios will illustrate this fact. But now, there is a tendency to give the orchestra all the real music subject matter and the singer nothing more than a most dreary declamatory setting of the text. This appears to be an error in the opposite direction. Although poetical and musical melody often have little in common, yet poetry may be truly wedded to song without the latter resigning its chief characteristics. To give the orchestra the entire gamut in which to revel freely and to condemn the singer to recite a monotone, as Berlioz has done in his "Romeo" and "Requiem," is to elevate the orchestra at the expense of the singer, and also to destroy the music of speech and to give little in the way of musically determined tones in compensation.

A poem read aloud expressively would have subtle, unwritten variations of pitch and speed. If the composer reduces these to his strongly defined and mathematically proportioned systems, he should feel bound to render all he can in return for the special effects he destroys. To pin the singer down to one or even two notes, is not to enlarge the expressive power of the poem, but to destroy it. For, in ordinary speech, the voice waves continuously up and down, requiring at least an octave for these variations of pitch; while in moments of passionate emotion, these variations as well as those of speed are still greater and are appa-

rently quite unrestrained.

The musician should determine these changes with consummate art, and not reduce them to a monotonous level while pretending to pay deference to language. The florid embellishments of the old school were smaller faults, for they at least allowed the vocalist to prove that he experienced the emotions indicated in the text.—The Courier.

PAGANINI was a kind of spectral apparition: tall, thin, with V-shaped eyebrows and immense fingers. Vieuxtemps was small and looked like a notary. Paganini never touched his violin except at concerts, but Vieuxtemps studied continually. The former had a miraculous execution and played with anything he wished, the back of the bow, etc. Vieuxtemps instead, correct and severe, bestowed much time upon the material part of the avecation. the material part of the execution. A son of a violin maker, he took great care of his violin and bow. Paganini was diabolical; Vieuxtemps marvelous. The former had more fire; the latter more method. Paganini's life was a romance, Vieuxtemps lived as a citizen. Both played with exactness—a wonderful precision, and both made a fortune. Vieuxtemps' estate is said to be worth three million francs.

WISE WORDS OF A WILLING WITNESS.—At the close of a mass meeting, according to the report of the same published in a La Grange paper, reference was made to the phenomenal efficacy of St. Jacobs Oil in the many painful diseases to which mankind is subject. We refer to the above as showing how strong a hold the Old German Remedy for Rheumatism, has on the experience and good wishes of the great public.—Walla Walla Watchman.

THE Cacilien-Verein, (Cecilian Society), which has for its object the improvement of Catholic church music, will hold a festival at the St. Peter and St. Paul's Church, in St. Louis, on the 27th, 28th, and 29th instant. Two concerts will be given daily. A large attendance is expected.

## Rubinstein.

Anton Rubinstein, who has returned to St. Petersburg, is said to have the intention of retiring from public life, owing to the constantly increasing trouble with his eyesight, and devoting himself henceforth to compositions only. The generous artist had a singular adventure happen to him on his recent visit to London. While there he received a begging letter from an impecunious German musician, to whom he hastened to send a £10 note by city post, in reply to which handsome gift he promptly received an acknowledgement thereof, together with the gentle remark that the condition of the petitioner required a decidedly more effectual assistance than the one vouchsafed, which had sadly disappointed the writer. As a matter of course, Rubinstein made no answer to the impudent epistle. A few days later there came a third letter, in which the signer did not hesitate to express his astonishment at the genial virtuoso's hard-heartedness. The missive, otherwise well written, contained the following passage: "You seem, indeed, to ignore how artists are wont to behave in cases like my own. Can you never have heard that Paganini sent 20,000 francs to Berloiz when the latter, in a situation greatly resembling the one I am in, appealed to the great maestro? Even though I might scarcely be willing to accept so large an offering, I do still look for a treatment on your part that will, at least, benefit my position as an artist as well as your own much-lauded sense of confraternity!" This curious missive was signed by an obscure name, to which were appended the words:
"composer, virtuoso, and music teacher." Rubinstein was petrified at this unheard-of insolence, but both spirited and good-natured enough to look upon it pleasantly, and to request his remarkable correspondent and "colleague" to favor him with a visit. He came. Strange to say, instead of the "unappreciated and run-down genius," such as Rubinstein expected to see in the individual indulging in the foregoing amenities of style, there appeared before him a wizen, timid and humble little man, that scarcely dared to look up at him and, stammering excuses, remained standing on the threshold. On Rubinstein offering him a seat and asking him if he were the writer of those "amiable" missives, he blushed and tremblingly admitted his guilt, declaring, on being close questioned, that "his wife had dictated them, convinced as she was that any man generous enough to send a £10 note in answer to a mere begging letter must surely be crazy, and, like the iron, ought to be beaten while he was hot.'

## **BOOK REVIEWS.**

"Worship in Song," by J. P. Holbrook, Mus. Doc. New York and Chicago: A. S. Barnes & Co.; pp. 444. Price, \$1.50.

This is an improvement on the common run of hymn-books, both as to text and music, but we could wish the changes had been more radical, especially in the selection of the words. Doggerel is none the less doggerel for having been written by Watts, and by the side of some excellent hymns, Watts has been guilty of many very commonplace rhymes, too many of which we find in this collection. The music is usually good; but our opinion is that Mr. Holbrook as a compiler, is superior to Mr. Holbrook as a composer. As a whole, the book compares favorably with similar publications.

"Goldbeck's Harmony." St. Louis: Kunkel Bros.; pp. 320.

"Goldbeck's Harmony." St. Louis: Kunket Bros.; pp. 320. Price, \$1.50.

To those who have been accustomed (and who has not?) to the involved language and intricate methods of some treatises on harmony and the inaccuracy and superficiality of others, "Goldbeck's Harmony," combining depth with perfect lucidity, comes as a revelation. No one acquainted with the subject can fail to receive benefit from its perusal. No one intending to study it can afford to use any other text-book.

"Goldbeck's Musical Science Primer;" pp. 64. Price 50 cents.
A part of the above work, preparatory to the study of harmony proper. A most excellent and lucid work.

PROF. LOUIS COHN is back in St. Louis, after his summer vacation, and feels confident of more than holding his own.

FIFTEEN YEARS OF SUCCESS.

## NICHOLAS LEBRUN,

Manufacturer, Importer, and Jobber in

USICAL INSTRUMENTS

And Musical Merchandise, 207 SOUTH FIFTH STREET.

ST. LOUIS, MO.

TEN FIRST PREMIUMS.

Sole Importer of the celebrated "Rough Diamond" Italian strings for violin, guitar, banjo, cello, and double bass, and of the "Ne Plus Ultra" German accordion. Bands supplied and instruments repaired at lowest figures. Dealers supplied at New York figures. Sample orders solicited, Jean White's and Howe's entire catalogues in stock at publishers' prices. Largest and best stock west of the Mississippi. Ten assorted samples of "Rough Diamond" violin, guitar, or banjo strings mailed upon receipt of \$1.00. mailed upon receipt of \$1.00.

## C. F. ZIMMERMANN'S MUSIC HOUSE.

238 N. Second St., Philadelphia, Pa., -Makes a Specialty of All Kinds of-

## Strings and Musical Merchandise

Generally, Concertinas, Accordions, Violins, Guitars, Zithers, Etc., Etc.

I call special attention to my own manufacture of Drums, Banjos, Tambourines, Flutes, Fifes, and Brass Band Instruments. Proprietor of five patents and publisher of ZIMMERMANN'S SELF-INSTRUCTOR FOR CONCERTINA AND ACCORDION. Every one should see ZIMMERMANN'S PATENT PIANO INSTRUCTOR, teaching this instrument by FIGURES—the greatest production of the age.

Send for circulars and learn the prices of my goods, which defy competition.

quaintance.



## New York Costume Bazaar, 207 S. Fourth Street,

ST. LOUIS.

THEATRICAL

AND

Masquerade Costumes

To Rent and Made to Order.

The largest variety of Costumes constantly on hand. Also, Wigs, Whiskers, Masks, Trimmings and French Paint.

CHARLES WOESE, Costumer:

MADAME JULIA RIVE-KING, No. 163 East Seventy-Fourth Street, New York City.

## ANNOUNCEMENT EXTRAORDINARY.

Reetnoy	ren's 32 Sonat	as,	comp									
Mozart'			**							 	 1	0
Haydn's	s 10 "		6							 		6
Schuber			66							 	 1	0
Mendels	ssohn's 48 Son	gs.	witho	ut v	vor	ls				 		7
Chopin'	s Waltzes, con	mpl	ete									5
	Polonaises,	66										6
66	Mazurkas,	60								 	 1	
66	Nocturnes,	61								 	 5	60
Weber's	s Complete Pi	ano	Work	S							1	2
	Send for	Cat	alogne	of	Clas	sica	1 M	nei	0		-	-

Goldbeck's Vocal School complete.....\$2 50 The Scale Guide................\$2 50

## THE PATTI SEASON.

THE PATTI SEASON.

The management of the "Adelina Patti and Nicolini" concert tour for 1881-82, in the United States, make the following statement in regard to their route for the proposed season, beginning November 9, 1881:

New York, Steinway, Hall—Wednesday evenings, November 9, 16, and 23, and Saturday matinees, November 12, 19, and 26, Thursday evening, December 29, and Friday evening, March 31.

Brooklyn, Academy of Music—November 28.
Boston, Music Hall—December 2, 5, 10, and 13, and March 28.
Providence, Music Hall—December 16.

New Haven, Carll Opera House—December 20.
Hartford, Allyn Music Hall—December 23.
Baltimore, Academy of Music—January 3 and 6.
Washington, Lincoln Hall—January 10 and 13.
Rochester, Corinthian Opera House—February 4.
Louisville, Opera House—February 7.
New Orleans, Grunewald Hall—February 11 and 14.
St. Louis, Mercantile Hall—February 21 and 24.
Chicago, Central Music Hall—March 1, 4, and 7.
Detroit, Whitney's Opera House—March 10.
Cleveland, Case Hall—March 18.
Syracuse, Grand Opera House—March 21.
Albany, Tweddle Hall—March 18.
Syracuse, Grand Opera House—March 21.
Albany, Tweddle Hall—March 24.
Mme. Adelina Patti will not sing in opera. Owing to peculiar circumstances of engagements and to our limit of time, it is incumbent on this management to alter the usual route followed in the United States, and in several instances to abandon our projected performances in some centers of commanding importance, where suitable halls or theaters, being previously engaged, much to our regret and loss, were not available.

## ABOUT CHINESE MUSIC.

The fixed pitch to which the Chinese agreed to conform is said to have been established twenty-six hundred years before the present era. Ling-Lung, Minister to Hoang-ti, being able to calculate intervals, was appointed to determine certain musical points. A dispute had arisen respecting pitch and the corresponding measurements for musical instruments. Ling-Lung, on being appealed to to decide upon the matter, walked in the woods, picked up a bamboo and, separating it at a natural division, handed it to the disputants for the required diapason, which henceforth was adopted.

In the library at Pekin there are four hundred and eighty-two books on music. It is said that in 2277 B. C., there were twenty-two authors on dance and music, twenty-three on ancient music, twenty-four on playing the "kin" and "chi," twenty-four on solemn occasions, twenty-five on the diameter and circumference, and twenty-six on scale construction; that in 2637 B. C. the quadrature of the circle, the duplication of the cube, and decimal system were studied relatively to music, on which science generally was founded. Yet Chinese professors of music and amateur's follow a simple routine of study, and are unable to give reasons. The sages alone comprehend the canons. The mandarins of music are considered superior to those of mathematics. Their importance in religious ceremonies, for the honor of heaven and great ancestors, has been acknowledged from the most remote antiquity.

The College of Musical Mandarins is within the imperial palace. The head musician in China represents the five capital virtues—Humanity, Just ce, Politeness, Wisdom, and Rectitude. Music is taught in the smallest schools.

The compass of Chinese music extends through three octaves. The sumptuary laws prevent its extention upwards or downwards beyond the third "Fa," which is the key note of the scale or "Lu."



## VIEUXTEMPS.

Vieuxtemps, who recently died at Mustapha les Algers, in Algeria, was one of the most distinguished violinists of the time. He was a native of Verviers, in Belgium, where he made his first public appearance on the 27th of February, 1820, and, as musicians, like poets, are born and not made, he was recognized as a kind of prodigy during his earliest childhood. When six years old he played the violin in public with so much success that the King of Holland granted a pension for the completion of his musical education, and he at once entered on a complete course of study under M. De Beriot, the most brilliant violin soloist of that period. He received lessons in composition at Paris from Reicha, and at Vienna from Sechter, and in 1841 his own great reputation commenced. On this occasion he performed at a meeting of the Society of the Conservatoire of Paris, a concerto which was applauded no less for the musical knowledge it displayed than for the consummate ability with which it was executed. He possessed, indeed, all the qualifications of a great violinist, certainty of touch, firm and dextrous "bowing," depth of tone and freedom of style, while his concerto was at once pronounced a chef d' œuvre. Ever since that time, except for six years when he was first violin soloist to the Emperor of Russia, M. Vieuxtemps has gained the applause of the musical public. His first visit to America was made more than twenty years ago. The Belgians delighted to honor him, and he was elected a member of the Royal Academy of Brussels, and named a chevalier of the Orders of Leopold, of Wasa, of St. Maurice and Lazarus, and of the Nisham. He was a composer of distinct merit, and his works, no less than his playing, were remarkable for combining the vigor of the modern school of music with the purity of the classics.

PROF. SCHILLINGER has returned to St. Louis and is expecting a larger class than ever before.

MRS. A. F. DEAN, of St. Louis, a pupil of Mr. Robert Goldbeck, recently gave a concert at the Hershey Music Hall, assisted by H. Clarence Eddy. The Chicago papers speak highly of her performance.

MR. A. J. GOODRICH recently delivered his lecture, "The Art of Song," in Ann Arbor, Mich. The illustrations were rendered by Madam Goodrich, who sang twenty-seven different species of songs, in French, Italian, German, Latin, and English.

EMILE SAURET has accepted the position made vacant by the resignation of Otto von Königslöw, the eminent violin teacher of the Cologne Conservatory, and will go to Cologne this fall. Of course a great increase of violin students is expected.

MADAME PETIPAS, of the Paris Conservatoire and Grand Opera, a true artiste and an excellent teacher of vocal music, who has made St. Louis her home since about a year, is receiving the recognition which her ability deserves, in much increased patronage.

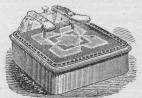
WE have received the catalogue of the Columbia Athenæum, Columbia, Maury Co., Tenn. The department of music of this old and respected institution is under the general supervision of Mr. Frank H. Smith, Mus. B., and the instruction seems to be careful and thorough.

MR. GLADSTONE, the English premier, is said to have had a very fine tenor voice. His music teacher, Sir Julius Benedict, speaks of him as having been a fine singer, and ascribes much of his eloquence as a speaker, to the vocal instruction and practice he had in his youth.

JOHN STEIN, ESQ., City Brewer, referring to its valuable qualities said to a News representative: I have used St. Jacobs Oil in my family and recommend it to my acquaintances. It has always given the best satisfaction, and is truly a wonderful remedy.—Danville (Ill.) News.

## MATHIAS Patent Piano Footstool,

WITH PEDAL ATTACHMENT FOR YOUNG PUPILS.



This Footstool should be with every piano on which children

Highly recommended by the most prominent teachers—among others; S. B. Mills, Fred. Brandeis, Chas. Kunkel, Louis Staab, A. J. Davis, A. Paur, Chas. Heydtmann, H. S. Perkins, W. C. Coffin, etc.

L. MATHIAS, 305 Summer St., Toledo, O.

102

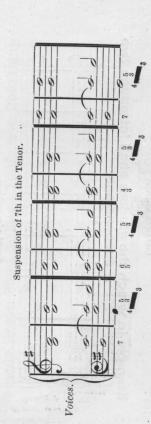
## GOLDBECK'S

# This occurs frequently, because the 7th is the subleading tone, Suspension of the 7th. sympathetically inclined to the harmonious mediant.





the 3d in the Bass; it is tolerated however. The dissonant c in the same At No. 6 of Ex. 262 the suspension tone produces a sharp dissonance with number (6) forms the small 9th with the Bass tone b (see Ninth).



HARMONY

Suspension of 7th in the Bass.



To the Student!—Invent other examples by selecting other positions for the parts.

# Chord Series containing Fundamental Positions, inversions and Suspensions.

§ 125. When a suspension is introduced, good taste demands that at least one other should occur in the same chord series, or in a reasonably short time in a longer piece. It would be quite natural and acceptable to introduce a number of suspensions after one has been heard. The effect of a suspension is one of hightened intensity; continued plain chords after it, unless managed with great skill, are less impressive.



provement can be effected by condensing the repeated half notes into whole In this respect an im-In this example we have endeavored to make the melody attractive, introducing of course only such tones as belong strictly to the chords. notes, thereby obtaining for this short piece better sustained harmonies, and greater prominence in the melody, which in that way acquires animation, in contrast to the subdued and prolonged subordinate parts. The middle parts and Bass frequently repeat tones.

105

# GOLDBECK'S



## Anticipation.

§ 127. This is the opposite of suspension: a dissonance effected by anticipating a tone belonging to the next following chord. The ear can not only HANDEL and other great sacred composers delighted in making use of antiendure, but enjoy, very complicated dissonances of this nature. cipations when coming to points of repose or a close.



\* Note.—The signatures under the Bass at Nos. I and 2, Ex. 265, show, 1st, that the general chords are chords of the Dominant Trit; 2d, that the 3d of the same chords (f sharp) moves to a tone forming a 4th at No. 1, and a 5th at No. 2, with the Bass, both dissonant tones anticipating the closing chord of the Tonic, as expressed by the figures and 5

# Passsing Chord of the 4-6 by Anticipation.



less impressive. It affords a good instance of two successive chords of the In the case of Ex. 266 the anticipation is consonant, and therefore much 6th and preparation of the chord of the 4-6 by one of the 6th, at \*.

HARMONY.

## Organ Point.

the first place, of the continuation of the fundamental tone under chords which are consonant with it. But the chords over this fundamental tone although forming no integral part of the chord of the Dominant, continues as at Nos. 1 and 4, and resolved (i. e. followed) by a consonant chord as at The Organ Point occurs principally in the Bass. It consists, in may also be dissonant with the latter. At Ex. 267 the fundamental tone c, Strictly speaking, the dissonance occasioned by an organ point should be prepared (i. e. preceded) by a consonant chord while the latter is introduced. No. 3 or 6. Dissonance. Resolution. Preparation. Dissonance. Resolution. Preparation.



# Organ Point in the Treble.

Occasionally an organ point occurs in the highest part. \$ 129.

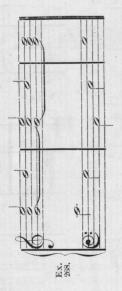


107

106

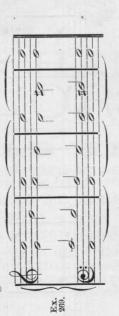
# Organ Point in a Middle Part.

§ 180. This kind occurs rarely.



# Double Organ Point through Doubling of the Fundamental Tone.

§ 132. To illustrate it, we had to have recourse to combinations not yet discussed. We give the example for the sake of completeness; likewise the next following.



# Double Organ Point through Tonic and Dominant.



HARMONY.



1) In Part I, Ex. 270, Organ points relating to Tonic occur at 2, 5, 7 and 8, that is, some of the tones in the right hand of those numbers form no integral part of the chord of the Tonic. Organ points relating to the Dominant in Part I, occur at Nos. 4 and 6.

In Part II one of the chords (\*) is entirely foreign to either Tonic or Dominant.

3

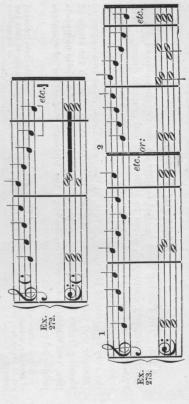
# Mixture of the Chords of the Tonic and Dominant.

§ 132. This does not occur frequently in vocal, but quite frequently in instrumental music.



Nos. III, IV and V partake of the nature of the Organ point. Chords of this nature, like all others, are subject to the laws of progres-

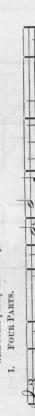
sion. In Ex. 272 there occur consecutive octaves. Ex. 273 gives remedy.



## GOLDBECK'S

108

# Melody and Bass for Fundamental Positions, Inversions, Suspensions and Anticipations, with some partly finished portions to be completed by the student. EXERCISES.







0



## HARMONY.

## Passing Tones.

which, properly employed, gives to it freedom and graceful fluency. The Passing Tone imparts to melody a more perfect conjunct movement, renders it more original, impressive and attractive. Thus enriched, Melody becomes the very opposite of Harmony, while, at the same time, these two opposites Melody and Harmony) attain a more intimate unity. With the study of Passing Tones we advance another step upon the field of artistic composition, one which distinctly foreshadows the ultimate formation of counter-The Passing Tone is that feature in the development of melody. point and fugue.

Note.—One of the cornerstones of these musical forms is the mature development of Melody, hence they flourished at, an earlier period in the history of music than the art of Harmony, which is of modern origin. The single strain (melody) is of an earlier art of Harmony, which is of modern origin. The single strain (melody) is of an earlier growth.

There are two principal kinds of Passing Tones: Diatonic and Chromatic. Diatonic Passing Tones consist exclusively of tones natural in the key in which they occur, and are consequently free from accidentals (see Primer: "Accidentals"). Chromatic Passing Tones, on the contrary, are foreign to ing Tones is one of dissonance with the prevailing harmony, but it is so or else is agreeable to the ear. Passing Tones are chiefly conjunct in their The essential element of Passmovement, but they may also be disjunct. The Passing Tone occurs, prirapid and fleeting in its passage, that either the dissonance is not felt at all. marily, between two tones consonant with each other the key, and consist largely of accidentals.



"resolving" exclusively in an harmonial sense. Applied to the Passing Tone each other; but such is the elasticity of this adjunct to Melody, that preparation may be often entirely omitted and resolution greatly delayed or accented or unaccented part (see "Accent" in Index). In giving examples In a certain sense we may say that the consonant tones prepare and resolve the passing tone. Hitherto we have used the terms "preparing" and we use them in a melodial sense. Strictly speaking, the Passing Tone should be prepared and resolved, i. e. preceded and followed by tones consonant with displaced. The result is, that the Passing Tone may fall upon either an of Passing Tones, we shall continue to limit ourselves for the present to the three chords of the Tonic, Dominant and Dominant 7th.

0

0

0

-THE-

## EMERSON PIANO COMPANY,

(ESTABLISHED IN 1849)

Made and Sold.



For Seven Years

ERY PIANO WARRANTED

-MANUFACTURERS OF-

SQUARE, UPRIGHT AND COTTAGE



Warerooms-595 Washington Street,

BOSTON, MASS.



## MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS,

WINNERS OF THE

## SONLY GOLD MEDAL

Awarded to American Musical Instruments at PARIS EXPOSITION, 1878; the highest distinction in the power of the Judges to confer.

PARIS, 1878, Two Highest Medals. SWEDEN, 1878. PHILADA, 1876. SANTIAGO, 1875. VIENNA, 1873. PARIS, 1867.

## AT EVERY WORLD'S EXPOSITION FOR 12 YEARS THEY HAVE BEEN AWARDED THE HIGHEST HONORS

At the PARIS EXPOSITION. 1878, they are awarded the GOLD MEDAL, the highest recompense at the disposal of the jury; also the highest CO-LABORER'S MEDAL for excellent workmanship. They have also received the GRAND GOLD MEDAL OF SWEDEN AND NORWAY, 1878. No other American Organs ever attained highest award at any World's Exposition. Sold for cash, or payments by installments, Latest CATALOGUES, with newest styles, prices, etc., free.

MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN CO.
BOSTON, NEW YORK OR CHICAGO.

## Grand, Square STECK and Upright.

## 

Factory: 34th Street, bet. 10th and 11th Avenues.

WAREROOMS: No. 11 East Fourteenth Street,

- NEW YORK.



## Manufacturer of

CRAND, SQUARE AND UPRICHTS.

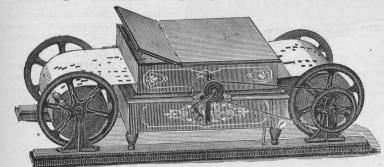
106, 108 & 110 Broadway,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.



## The Marvelous "ORGUINBUTE."



Excellent in Tone. Perfect in Execution.
Plays all the Latest Music.

THE

## Mechanical Orguinette Company

Sole Manf'rs and Patentees,

## 831 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK,

And by their authorized agents through out the country.

READ & THOMPSON, General Agents for the Orguinette, 915 Olive Street.

## Celluloid Piano Key Company (Limited),

P. O. Box 420.]

No. 216 CENTRE STREET.

[NEW YORK.

## CELLULOID

-FOR-

Piano, Organ and Melodeon Keys



Never Turns Yellow, Discolors, Shrinks or Warps.

Fourth Year.

No Complaints.

Over Two Hundred Thousand Sets of Celluloid Keys now in use.



The J. P. HALE. The C. KURTZMANN Pianos and STANDARD and PACKARD ORGANS
708 & 710 Locust Street, St. Louis, Mo.

RE-OPENING! OF

## PETERS' MUSIC STORE,

307 NORTH FIFTH STREET, ST. LOUIS, MO.

We Have Opened

-AT-

307 N. Fifth St., St. Louis,

After several months' preparation, and are now prepared to fill, orders for anything in the

MUSIC LINE

AT THE

## Lowest Eastern Prices.

Particular attention paid to filling orders for Teachers, Convents, Seminaries, Etc. And where selections are left to us, we will guarantee satisfaction



We have unusual facilities for supplying the BEST Goods at the LOWEST Market Price. REMEMBER; we keep only the best class

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

And will supply you with a

PIANO,
ORGAN,
GUITAR,
FLUTE,
VIOLIN.

or any other Musical Instrument of FIRST QUALITY, cheaper than you can get the same grade of Instruments elsewhere.

Acting as Wholesale Agents for such houses as OLIVER DITSON & CO., of Boston; SCHIRMER, of New York; NOVELLO, of London, and PETERS, of Leipsig, we are prepared to furnish Music and Books at the Lowest Price of these houses. We make a Specialty of the CHASE PIANO (the Cheapest FIRST-CLASS Instrument in the Market). DITSON and NOVELLO'S (heap Choruses, Church Music, Operas, Etc.; PETERS' Leipsig Edition of Cheap Classics, Bay State Organs (\$65 to \$200); Genuine Martin Guitars, Etc.

## J. L. PETERS,

307 N. Fifth St., St. Louis, Mo.

Western Agency for DITSON'S, SCHIRMER'S, NOVELLO'S, and PETERS' Editions.

Parties writing will please say where they saw this advertisement.

## CHASE PIANO CO

Manufacturers of

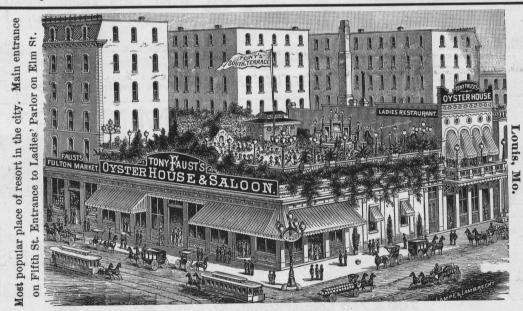
SQUARE, SQUARE GRAND, AND IMPERIAL UPRIGHT GRAND

## PIANOS

Every Instrument Fully Warranted.

RICHMOND, INDIANA.

Northeast Corner Fifth and Elm Streets,



## IVAOLED CE

PUBLISHED BY

## OLIVER DITSON & CO.,

BOSTON, MASS.

## →\*NEW MUSIC BOOKS.\*~

In Press, an Excellent Choir Book, and a First-Class Low-Priced Book for Singing Schools, Both by L. O. Emerson.

## LIGHT and LIFE!

Now look out for a rousing good new

## SUNDAY SCHOOL SONG BOOK

with the above title. The compiler, Mr. R. M. McIntosh, is well-known to hundreds of thousands as one of the most successful providers of sweet melodies and bright hymns for the great Sunday School public. Our best writers and composers have contributed. The book has a beautiful title, is well printed, and is every way desirable. Send for specimen pages (free), or specimen copy, which is mailed for the retail price, 35 cents.

## THE BEACON LIGHT! SUNDAY SCHOOL SONG BOOK.

by J. H. TENNEY and E. A. HOFFMAN. Specimen copies mailed for 30 cents. Liberal reduction for quantities. Ditson & Co. respectfully call attention to the marked improvement which is apparent in their newer publications for Sunday Schools. The best talent in the country has been employed in compiling them, and they have been received with marked favor. THE BEACON LIGHT is the work of two of the best hymn and tune composers in the country, is a carefully "winnowed" book, only the best 100 out of 500 manuscripts having been retained. We have not many Sunday School hymns better than

"Love of the Savior, tender and precious,
Deeper and broader than ocean or sea,
Stronger than death, so pure and so gracious,
Oh, in thy fullness flow sweetly to me."

th, in thy fullness now sweetly to the or or or when he lays his armor down. When he lays his armor down. For we bear the cross so more, When we reach the golden shore."

Attention is also directed to WHITE ROBES (30 cts.) by Abbey and Munger; and to GOOD NEWS (35 cts.) by R. M. McIntosh. These excellent books are still in demand. Their authors have also new books in progress, which will soon be

## OPERAS!

\$2 00-	
2 00-	
3 00-	
50-	
1 00-	
.1 00 —	THEMASCOT100
1 00-	MUSKETEERS100
2 00-	BOCCACCIO200
2 00-	FATINITZA200
2 00-	
1 00-	LITTLE DUKE100
50-	BILLEE TAYLOR 50
2 00-	PREAUXCLERCS200
1 50-	BELLS OF CORNEVILLE-150
1 00-	PIRATES OF PENZANCE
1 50-	DOCTOR OF ALCANTARA 1 50
	-DAMNATION OF FAUST-250

Published in good style, with text and all complete. Also almost any other Operas you can think of; very complete editions, with Librettos.

## THE ANTHEM HARP.

By Dr. W. O. PERKINS. Price \$1.25. (Just out.)

A new book intended as a successor for "Perkins' Anthem Book," published some years since, and which was a decided success. The new book contains music perfectly within the reach of common choirs, and is destined to have a great sale.

DITSON & CO. also call attention to their three books for SINGING CLASSES; recently published, already very popular, and worthy of universal adoption.

JOSEPH'S BONDAGE. Sacred Cantata. (\$1.) Really a very brilliant affair, if given with appropriate dresses and scenery; and these are easily arranged. Good music.

## Listemann's Method of Violin Playing.

(\$3.00) By B. LISTEMANN, pupil of David, Joachim, and Vieuxtemps. The teacher who can say "David played so and so," or "Joachim thought thus in this matter," has a great advantage, and as Mr. L. himself is a distinguished Violinist, it will be seen that this book has great claims as one of the best.

## For Amateur Orchestras.

QUINTETTE ORCHESTRA. 2 Violins, Cornet, Clarionet and Bass. 5 books, each \$1.25. Complete \$5.00.
WINNER'S BAND OF FOUR. (\$1.00.) Music for Violin or Flute, Cornet or Clarionet, 2d Violin and Violoncello. Capital easy collection.

SONG ECHO. (75 cents.) By H. S. PERKINS. A number and variety, there being nearly 300 pages and about 200 songs, which are of the proper kind for High Grammar, or for High School, Seminary or Academy scholars. The book has sold very largely.

## CARMINA COLLEGENSIA.

PRICE \$3-BY H. R. WAITE.

Although we all try to make "jolly" songs, it must be confessed that the "etudiants" know how to do it best; for after cooking and compacting the wit, they have a way of strewing attic salt upon it which impart an exquisite flavor. This is an elegant book, containing nearly all the current college songs, and will make any musical home brighter by its presence. Nice gitt edition for \$4.00.

A portion of the same songs are published under the name of "University Songs (\$2.50); and a still smaller book, well compiled is entitled "Student's Life in Song" (\$1.50).

ORGAN GEMS. (\$2.50.) By F. L. Davenport.
ORGAN SELECTIONS. (\$1.50.)
ORGANIST'S PORTFOLIO. (2 Vols., each \$2.50.) By Rimbault.
ORGANIST'S RELIANCE. (10 Nos., each \$1.25; complete \$6.)
By Eugene Thayer.
ZUNDEL'S 250 EASY VOLUNTARIES AND INTERLUDES.

(\$1.50.)
CLARKE'S SHORT VOLUNTARIES. (\$1.50.) By W. H. Clarke. In these six well-made books will be found a very large number of voluntaries, some classical, some new and light, but all good. Organists will be glad to use the longer ones intact, and to adopt the shorter compositions as themes from which to vary.

## LESSON TO "SUMMER SKY VALSE-CAPRICE."

## BY CHARLES KUNKEL.

A. Render this run, introductory to the valse, with great freedom and abandon. Be careful that the crossing of the 2nd finger be effected smoothly, as the run progresses, otherwise the run will be jerky

B. Keep up the tempo; strike the chords with vigor; heed the ties and use the pedal as indicated.

C. Watch the phrasing and dynamic marks. This whole part should be played very gracefully.

D. To play this run evenly and with strength offers

some difficulty. Slow practice is therefore recom-mended at first, until the fingers have become thoroughly familiar with the various positions that the passage offers.

E. Small hands having difficulty in striking this chord may strike the upper note of the chord "D"

an octave lower, thus:



F. The fourth finger, after having struck the "F," the last of this group, must leave the key immediately, with elasticity. All similar groups are to be played likewise.

These dotted notes must receive their full G.

value.

H. Perform this part with lightness and grace, and observe well the phrasing.

I. See letter G.
L. Play this pe Play this part in a very singing, legato, style, and give the notes throughout their full value.

Render these broken octaves evenly. Nine out of ten persons play such passages in a chopped, jerky manner. Slow practice is recommended until this error is corrected.

N. Notice that the fourth note in this measure represents two parts, and therefore has two stems; the upper makes the note a dotted quarter. Observe that both this and the following note are tied to the octave in the next measure, hence not struck again.

## DECLINE OF ITALIAN SINGERS.

It is curious to note how few Italian singers are now to be found at the Italian Opera, London, says the London Standard, and as a matter of fact Italian singers are the exception at the Italian house. Take Covent Garden, for example. Mme. Patti is an American of Spanish extraction; Mme. Albani is a Canadian; Mme. Sembrich is a Pole; Mme. Fürsch Madier is a German; Mlle. de Reszké, French; Mlle. Warnots, German (?); Mme. Valleria, American; Mlle. Guercia, Spanish. Of the contralti, Mme. Scalchi is, I believe, actually an Italian (the first that has of the tenors, "Signor" Gayarré is Spanish; Signor Mierzwinski, a Pole; Signor Nicolini, if by a stretch of charity he may any longer be ranked as a tenor, is French; M. Verguet is French, and so is M. Soula-croix. Herr Labatt is German. Possibly Signor Marini is Italian, and with Signor Cotogni and Mme. Scalchi an Italian trio in this huge company is found. But the baritones, MM. Lassalle and Sante Atnos, are French (the latter calls himself "Signor," but his style betrays him), and it may be casually added, the absent but remembered singers, MM. Faure and Maurel were French also. The buffo, Signor Ciampi, is, I think, Italian, but MM. Gailbard, Dauphin, Gresse, and de Reszké are all French or Belgian singers, and so would have been M. Bulss had he The Standard fails to tell us the exact change in M. Bulss' nationality worked by his nonappearance! ]

## The Twenty-First St. Louis Fair.

The next (21st) St. Louis Fair, which has come to be recognized as an important occasion throughout the Southwest, will open on October 3d and close on the 8th. All railroad and steamboat lines will carry passengers to and from the fair at greatly reduced rates. The fine art department, under the direction of Hercules L. Dousman, Esq., bids fair to surpasse the exhibitions of all previous years. Mr. Dousman has been East for some weeks, in the interest of his department, and, we understand, has met with remarkable success. Now, let everybody come! everybody come!

## PREMIUMS.

## Kunkel's Musical Review.

Every yearly subscriber to Kunkel's Musical Review will receive as a premium the following

## FIFTY

choice vocal and instrumental pieces, bound in two books. CONTENTS OF BOOK I.

## VOCAL.

I Love But Thee (English and German words)	Robyn.
The Parting (duet; English and Italian words,	
and lesson)	. Tamburello
Bliss All Raptures Past Excelling (vocal waltz;	
English, Italian, and German words and les-	Dalam
Son)	Tambunello

The Wedding Day (English and German words, and lesson).

Angels' Visits.

The Stolen Kiss (English and German words)...

Why Are Roses Red? (English, Italian, and German words, and lesson). . Epstein.

Melnotte.

## INSTRUMENTAL.

THO I HO INTERIOR
Norma (operatic fantasie, with lesson)
Il Trovatore (operatic fantasia, with lesson)Paul.
William Tell (operatic fantasia with lesson)Paul
Martha (operatic fantasia)Paul.
Bubbling Spring (caprice, with lesson)
Gem of Columbia (grand galop, with lesson)Siebert.
Skylark Polka (with lesson)
Shower of Rubies (tone poem, with lesson)Prosinger.
Maiden's Longing (reverie, with lesson)Goldbeck.
Love's Devotion (romanza, with lesson)Goldbeck.
The First Ride (galop)Sidus.
Cuckoo and the Cricket (rondo)
Waco WaltzSisson.
The Jolly Blacksmiths (caprice, with lesson)Paul.

## CONTENTS OF BOOK II.

## VOCAL.

Within a Mile of Edinboro' Town (Von Edin-
burg kaum eine Meile Weit)—Scotch BalladScotch.
I Heard the Wee Bird Singing ("Ein Voeglein
hoert' ich Singen) George Linley.
Chiligowalibedory (Comic)
Put your Trust in One Above

## INSTRUMENTAL.

	Shepherd's Bells-Idylle	Jean Paul.
	Shakespeare March	Jacob Kunkel.
	Harps in the Fairy Land-Romance	Jean Faul.
١	Visitation Convent Bells	Jacob Kunkel.
	Greeting to Spring (Salut au Printemps)	Albert Lutz.
l	Zeta Phi March	J. L. Hickok.
i	Shepherd's Return March	Jean Paul.
	Violets Blue	Jacob Kunkel
į	Lauterbach Waltz	
ì	Philomel—Polka Elégante	Chas. Kunkel
1	Puck—Marche Grotesque	Claude Melnotte
1	Pearl and Diamond Polka	
		aith on of those

Subscribers for six months may choose either of these

Parties already possessing the pieces contained in these books, or prefering other premiums, will please address the publishers and receive their complete premium circular and catalogue, containing a very extensive list of vocal and instrumental pieces, both modern and classical, from which they may select their own premiums.

## Le Ciel d'Été.

(SUMMER SKY.)

VALSE CAPRICE.

J. J. VŒLLMECKE.









## MUSICAL STONES.

The chink stone indicates by its name its sonorous qualities. The red granite of the Thebaid in Egypt possesses similar properties. Most of the obelisks were made of this. So musical are the rocks on the banks of the Orinoco, visited by Humboldt, that their sounds are ascribed to witchcraft by the natives. In Brazil are large blocks of basalt which emit clear sounds when struck; and the Chinese employ this stone in the fabrication of musical instruments. Some years since, an artisan of Keswick exhibited a rock harmonicon composed of slabs of stone, placed at certain distances apart, upon which several pieces of music were performed. At the Crystal Palace, just recently, there was a performance on musical stones (Welsh). The most celebrated of these accoustic wonders is the "Jabel Nakous," or Mountain of the Bell, a low sandy hill in the peninsula of Mount Sinai, in Arabia Petrea, which gives sounds varying in power from that of a humming top to thunder. The late Hugh Miller, when in the island of Eigg (Hebrides), observed a musical sound while walking on the dry white sand of the beach. As two plates of silex or quartz (which are but crystals of sand) give out a musical sound when struck together, the collision of two minute crystals of sand does the same in however inferior a degree, and the union of all these sounds, though singly imperceptible, may constitute the musical notes of the Mountain of the Bell, or the lesser sound of the trodden sea beach of Eigg. sands near St. Lunaire, Cotes du Nord, give a faint musical sound at certain tides. In a cavern at Cheddar, Somerset, are some stalactites, in the form of folds of drapery, which give forth musical sounds when struck. A chime of bells can be imitated upon them.

Sir A. Smith distinctly heard sounds issuing from the historic statue of Memnon, and many inscriptions of ancient date are to the same effect, notably one on the left leg, of which the following is a translation: "I, P. Balbinus, have heard the divine voice of the statue of Memnon, etc., etc." "I was in the company of the amiable Queen Sabina (wife of Hadrian), the sun was in the first hour of its course, in the fifteenth year of the reign of Hadrian." It was not till the time of Nero that this statue had any musical reputation. It has been supposed that it was shaken in an earthquake in the twenty-seventh year before Christ, and that the granite, full of cracks may, under certain atmospheric changes, have given forth sounds. Some say that the action of the rising sun upon the cracks in the stone, moist with dew, caused the peculiar sound produced. Certainly since the repairs were made in the time of Septimus Severus, the sounds have been rarely heard. Some think the Memnonic sounds were contrived by the priests, because a stone still exists in the lap of the statue, with a recess cut in the block immediately behind it, in which a person could be completely concealed; and because while important personages like the Emperor Hadrian sometimes heard as many as three utterances of sound, ordinary mortals sometimes only heard one sound after repeated visits.

THE poet Heine's wife was a round, full-faced woman, with large black eyes, a smiling mouth filled with whitest teeth, and fully developed figure. Her voice in particular was a perpetual delight to Heine; his praises of it were constant, and he told Mme. Jaubert that during his long agony that voice had recalled his spirit "at the very moment when decidedly it was taking flight toward the unknown futurity." Her magnetic power over him was, he said investetible Observed to the long to said, irresistible. One night as he was shaken by a murderous spasm of so terrific a nature as to seem the sure prelude of death itself, his wife took his cold hand, chafed and warmed it, and he heard her say, amid hersels "No Henri not you shall not die; you amid her sobs, "No, Henri, no! you shall not die; you jects.

must have pity on me! My parrot died this morning, and if I were to lose you I should be too wretched. Heine's quaint comment was, "It was an order, and I obeyed and kept alive when such good reasons were given, you know."

SHE laid her cheek on the easy chair back against his head and murmured: "How I do love to rest against your head, Augustus!" "Do you?" said he. "Is it because you love me?" "No; because it is so nice and soft." Then he lay and lay, and thought head thought. thought and thought.

Un-Feline! Jacob C. Schaeffer, of Rochester, owns a "singing cat," and a local paper thinks it is a great curiosity. It is not, however—unless its voice was cultivated abroad in some five-thousand-dollar-a-year conservatoire. There are hundreds of singing cats right here in this town, but their voices lack culture, and when they warble a selection from "Faust," it is difficult to distinguish it from a solo on the bagpipes, and the audience throw nearly everything but bouquets at the performers. Mr. Schaeffer can keep his singing cat—keep it quiet, if he can.—Norristown Herald.

## NEW MUSIC.

Among the latest of our issues we wish to call the special attention of our readers to the pieces mentioned below. We will send any of these compositions to those of our subscribers who may wish to examine them, with the understanding that they may be returned in good order, if they are not suited to their taste or purpose. The names of the authors are a sufficient guarantee of the merit of the compositions and it is a fact now so well known that the house of Kunkel Brothers is not only fastidious in the selection of the pieces it publishes, but also issues the most carefully edited, fingered, phrased, and revised publications ever seen in America, that further notice of this fact is unnecessary.

## PIANO SOLOS.

Chopin's Best Thoughts selected, revised, and carefully

ingered (foreign ingering) by Charles and Jacob Kunkel:			
Thine Image, Romanza	P	75	
	P	60	
WILL O THE WISD (CADLICE-ETHUE)			
Consolation		75	
Spring Waltz		50	
Le Pévail du Printemps (Arreberie		35	
Le Réveil du Printemps (Awakening of Spring), (Polka-			
Caprice)		60	
Carillon Angelique Reverie (Angelic Chimes)			
		50	
Le Clei D'Ete (Summer Sky), (Valse Caprice)		00	
T T T7 7		60	
Sadia Schottische			
Beads of Champagne (Champagner Perlen), (Polka		35	
Caprice)			
Satellite (Polka de Concert)		60	
Tales from the Vienne Woods Walt. J. C. Alden, Jr.	1	00	
Tales from the Vienna Woods Waltz, written for and dedi-			
cated to R. Joseffy, Strauss, (Grande Paraphrase de			
	1	50	
Dreaming by the Brook (Morcean de Concent) D C-111 'i	î	00	
		75	
I WHIGH MUSINGS (Reverse and Waltz) E E T-1			
Gavotte, in A minor, as performed by Julie Rivé-King at		50	
her concerts			
Stella (Valse de Concert), (Edition de Salon)G. Satter		75	
Stella (valse de Collecti), (Eauton de Salon)G. Satter	1	00	

## KUNKEL'S ROYAL EDITION

Of Standard Piano Composition with revisions, explanatory text, ossias, and careful fingering (foreign fingering) by Dr. Hans Von Bulow, Dr. Frantz Liszt, Carl Klindworth, Julie Rive-King, Theodore Kullak, Louis Kohler, Carl Reinecke, Robert Goldbeck, Charles and Jacob Kunkel,

and others		,,
A Starry Night. Sydney Smith La Baladine. Ch. B. Lysberg	\$	75
Wardings at Eve Register Dest.		75 50
Monastery Bells To fabrua Wal.		50
Return of Spring. Theodore Melling Spinnerlied. Wagner-Liszt	1	75 00

Teachers will please remember that these pieces need only to be seen in their new dress, to secure for them at once the recognition of being the finest edition extant.

The Royal edition will eventually comprise all the classical as well as modern compositions, and its numbers will be advertised in the Review as they are published.

## SONGS.

Come Again, Days of Bliss (Kommt Wieder Freudentage),	
The Penitent's Prayer Solo	40 50
The Penitent's Prayer, Solo and Quartet Charles Kunkel	60
BOOKS.	

## THE JOLLY BLACKSMITHS.

Caprice Charactéristique.

JEAN PAUL.



The small notes marked "Primo" are played by the Treble; they are added to guide the Secondo when to fall in.



## THE JOLLY BLACKSMITHS.

Caprice Charactéristique.

JEAN PAUL





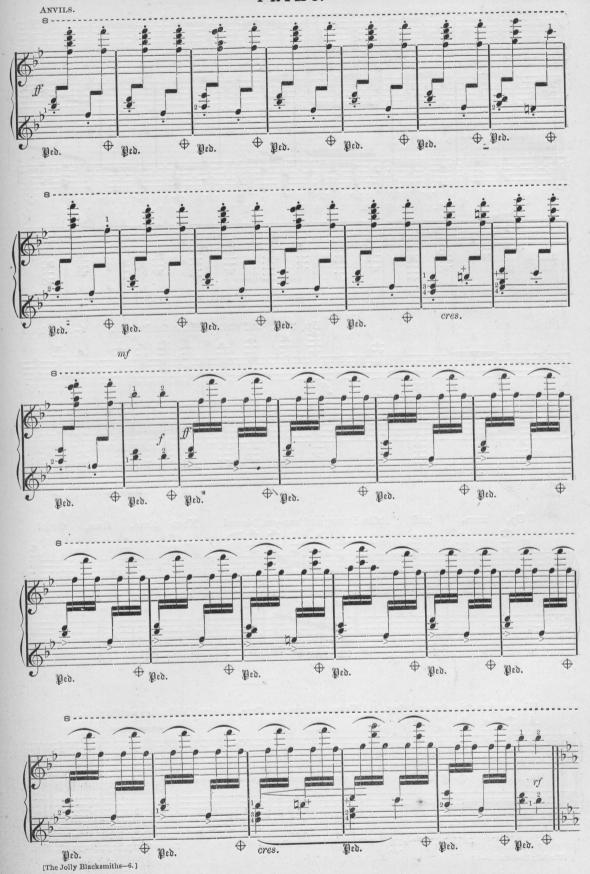
[The Jolly Blacksmiths-3.]



## SECONDO.



When performed at exhibitions this chorus will produce great effect if sung by the entire vocal class. [The Jolly Blacksmiths—5.]





[The Jolly Blacksmiths-7.]



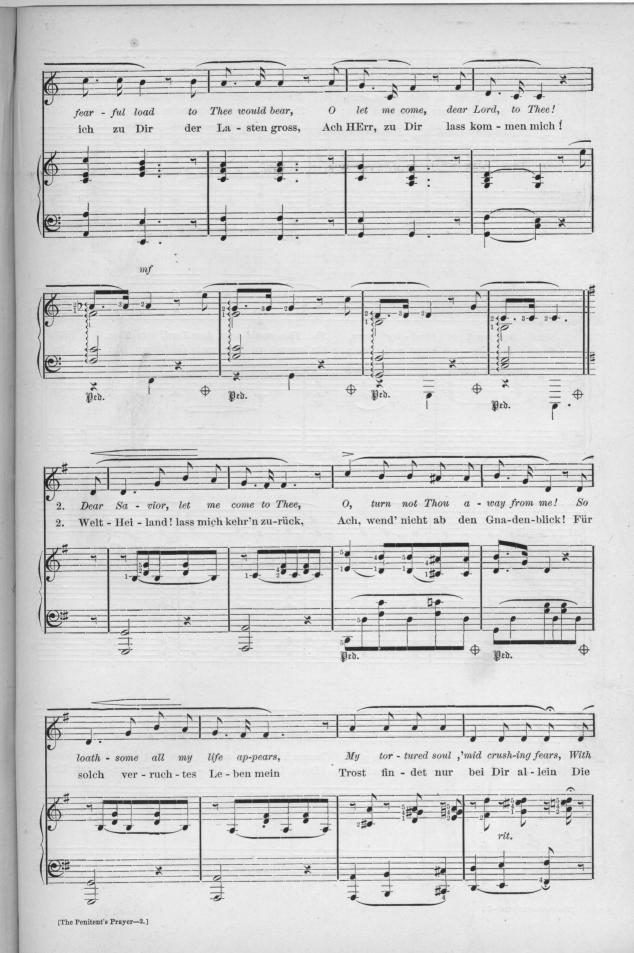
[The Jolly Blacksmiths-8.]

# The Penitent's Prayer.

Das Gebet des Bussfertigen.



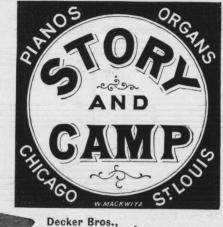
Copyright-Kunkel Brothers: 1881.

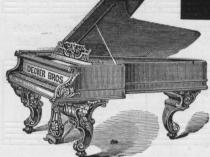




(The Penitent's Prayer-3.3







Chickering,

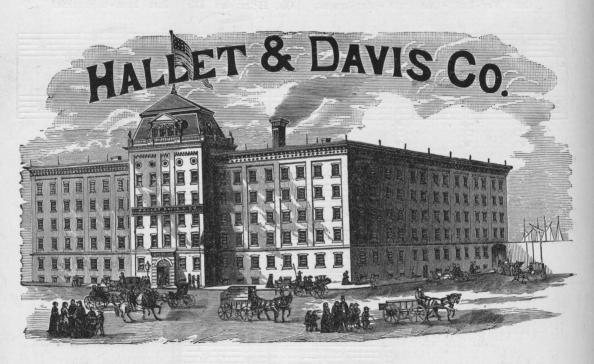
Haines Bros.,



EASIEST TERMS!

LARGEST WAREROOMS!

STORY & CAMP, 203 North Fifth Street, ST. LOUIS.



PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTORY,

700 Harrison Avenue, from Canton to Brooklyn Street,

BOSTON, MASS.



### SMITH AND JONES.

Smith.-Have you heard the news? Our friend Bierpretzel is

Smith.—Have you heard the news? Our friend Bierpretzel is married.

Jones.—Then we ought to congratulate him, I suppose.

Smith.—I don't know; Bierpretzel is a musician, and she hasn't anything, either.

Jones.—Ah! But I thought, Smith, that you had some thoughts of becoming a musician yourself?

Smith.—Well, yes; but only as a prima donna.

Jones.—A prima ——DONNA?

Smith.—Yes, a prima donna, basso profundo. You know prime donne make lots of money!

Jones.—Yes, you want to be a sort of bearded lady of the stage, a hairy star, a sort of operatic comet.

Smith.—That's it, I guess!

Jones.—Think you'll succeed?

Smith.—I think so; I've written to Mapleson, who seems to experience some difficulty in finding a prima donna, you know; failed on Patti; was disappointed by Gerster; made a fiasco with Nilsson, etc., and I think he'll engage me. If not, I'm going to turn painter—character painter.

Jones.—Character painter; what's that?

Smith.—I'll give you an example. Holmes, you know, says there are three different persons in every chap; that is to say, a fellow as he sees himself, the same fellow as others see him, and the same fellow again as he really is. Now, then, say you ask me to draw you the character of the editorial staff of Musical People as they see themselves, I immediately draw them as follows: ###; don't you see?

Jones,—Yes, I see; go on.

Smith.—This is as others see them, p. and this is as they really are, p. the same of a mean seignee. Smith: those

really are, 1, 1, 1.

Jones.—There's the germ of a great science, Smith; those pictures are wonderfully life-like.

## ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

L. B., Hannibat, Mo.—We can not answer your question for two reasons: 1. We never answer questions not accompanied with the real name of the party putting it. 2. We can not undertake to discriminate between different educational institutions. We have, however, sent to the college you mention for circulars, which we will forward to you, when received —as soon as you send your full name and address.

U. M., Freeman, Mo.—Your question: "What is the easiest way to count 12-8 time?" is one to which it is difficult to give a definite answer without knowing the composition you have in mind in asking the question. It is usually found most convenient to treat the time in question as 4-4 time, giving three-eighths to each beat, very much as if it were 4-4 time written in triplets, but it may sometimes be easier to count twice six, and in very slow movements to count the full twelve. You must be guided by the character of the composition.

N. G., Galveston, Tex.—Published by Oliver Ditson & Co., Boston.

O. S., New Orleans.—"Flash and Crash," (Galop de concert).

Boston.

O. S., New Orleans.—"Flash and Crash," (Galop de concert). Snow, which will be out by the time you receive this, is just the thing you want. "Satellite" (Polka de concert), Alden, might suit you as well. Both are extremely brilliant and effective.

H. C., San Francisco.—Where have you kept your eyes? We have repeatedly said in the columns of this paper, what we must again reiterate, in answer to your question. "Goldbeck's Harmony," just out is the best practical work on the subject. Sallie S., Louisrille.—Dear Girl: We never advise in love or matrimonial adventures; write to the New York Ledger; that is in its line; but in your place we should use our common sense, or wait till we had some to use, rather than ask the advice of distant people.

E. Schuberth & Co.-Not J. Schuberth & Co.

E. Schuberth & Co.—Not J. Schuberth & Co.

It happened recently that Kunkel Bros.' subscription clerk, finding the address of certain musicians in New York, published in a certain New York paper, sent to those addresses some packages of music on perusal. It happened also that in two or three cases the street and number given were those of the cellar occupied by E. Schuberth & Co. (Not to be confounded with Jules Schuberth & Co.) Presently there came a postal card from the party in charge of the establishment asking Kunkel Bros. not to send any more packages to that address, to which a reply was sent, stating where the addresses had been obtained, and suggesting that E. S. & Co. should get the gentlemen in question to change their addresses. The manager of the establishment then sent a rejoinder, which we suppose was meant to be very cutting, in which he states: "We admire your Barnum-like exertions for the introduction of your inspirations." Well, one might be in much worse company than with Barnum! We think that if Barnum were running a retail music store, he would have more business sense than to put it in a cellar; that he has a better knowledge of even the commercial value of common courtesy than to wantonly outrage it, and that he would have enough business enterprise and confidence in his own judgment to invest, say three hundred dollars, in a reprint of a part of Lebert and Stark's method, without first sending over the country circulars inquiring of dealers how many copies they would take, if it were published.

## AGENTS WANTED FOR THE REVIEW.

### Premiums for 1881

The publishers desire to increase their subscription list for the year 1881 10,000 subscribers, and in order to accomplish this end they offer the following premiums to any one sending two or more subscribers—these premiums are offered in addition to the regular premium that every subscriber is entitled to:

### Music and Music Books.

For 15 subscribers, Julia Rive-King's celebrated Piano Compositions, 22 numbers, bound, worth \$22; for 3 subscribers, either Dictionary of 15,000 musical terms, worth \$1.50, Beethoven's 32 Sonatas, complete, worth \$1.50; or Weber's complete works, worth \$1.50; for 2 subscribers, Haydn's 10 Sonatas, worth \$1, Mozart's 18 Sonatas, complete, worth \$1, or Mendelssohn's 48 Songs Without Words, royal edition worth \$1; for 4 subscribers, Goldbeck's Vocal Method, worth \$2.50, Bausemer and Kunkel's celebrated edition of Czerny's Etudes de la Velocité, worth \$3, or Goldbeck's Manual of Harmony, worth \$1 50; 5 subscribers, Richardson's Piano Method, worth \$3.25; Wichil's Young Violinist, worth \$3, Maza's Violin Method, worth \$3, or Carcassi's Guitar Method, worth \$3; for 8 subscribers, Stainer's Royal Musical Dictionary, with illustrations, worth \$5, or Berlioz's Modern Instrumentation and Orchestration, worth \$5, or Berlioz's Modern Instrumentation and Orchestration, worth \$5 worth \$5 worth \$6 worth \$6 worth \$6 worth \$7 wor

### How to Obtain Subscribers.

How to Obtain Subscribers.

Hints how to proceed should you wish to secure one or more of the valuable premiums offered above.

1. Make a list of your friends whom you know to be musical and who take an interest in music.

2. Now begin in a systematic manner to visit each. When you call, hand her or him, during your visit, a copy of the Review, stating you will be pleased to have it perused carefully. Explain that every subscriber receives a valuable premium to the Review, etc., and impress upon them the great merits of the musical journal, the fine music offered each month, the lessons thereto, and the choice reading. If they will not subscribe at the time, say you will call again in a few days, and that you hope the Review will have been enjoyed so much that she or he will want to subscribe for it.

3. In this way call on each of your friends you have on your list

4. By faithfully following out this plan, you can hardly fail to secure a number of subscribers, thereby securing for yourself one or more valuable premiums, and assisting our wish to get 10,000 subscribers for 1881. The publishers furnish with pleasure to all parties specimen copies for this purpose free.

Manufacturers of SQUARE AND UPRIGHT

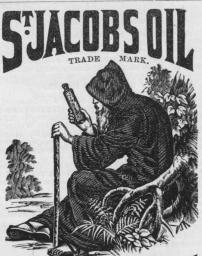
WAREROOMS: 666 WASHINGTON ST., BOSTON, MASS.

Correspondence Solicited and Agents Wanted.

A YOUNG gentleman, who is very particular about the getting up of his linen, wrote a note to his laundress, and at the same time, sent one to the object of his affections. Unfortunately he put the wrong address on the envelopes, and posted them. The woman was puzzled, but not the least offended; but when the young lady read: "If you rumple up my shirt-bosom and drag the button off the collar any more, as you did last time, I shall have to go somewhere else." She cried all the evening, and declared she would never speak to him again.

"WHAT is the difference," said she,
"Between the moon and you?"
"I can not tell, my treasured one,"
Said he with int'rest new.
"The difference is this," said she,
With the satire of a Junius,
"The moon hath silver quarters, love,
While you are impecunious."

This number of Kunkel's Musical Review is sent you as a specimen. We call your special attention to our terms of subscription on page 26 and other paragraphs marked. As you will see, our paper, which we consider the best musical paper in the country, offers most liberal terms to subscribers. We hope soon to enroll you among our subscribers.



# RHEUMATISM.

Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago,

Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains,

Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.

No Preparation on earth equals St. Jacobs Oil as a safe, sure, simple and cheap External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims. Directions in Eleven Languages.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE

A. VOGELER & CO.,

Baltimore, Md., U. S. A.

NEW ENGLAND

## CONSERVATORY.

Tuition in music, \$15 per quarter, with the ablest teachers. This includes collateral advantages amounting to one hundred and twenty-five hours of musical instruction in a single quarter, which is twice as much as is offered by any musical institution in Europe. Students in the Convervatory have access to a library containing over 8,000 volumes on music. English branches free. Pupils now received. Send for calendar.

E. TOURJEE, Music Hall, Boston.

## MUSICAL HERALD.

A monthly journal of 32 pages, for teachers, students, and all lovers of music. The foremost writers in all departments of musical culture, including voice, piano, organ, orchestral instruments, choral music, both secular and sacred, harmony, theory, etc., have been engaged, making it a journal indispensable to a good musical education. Pastors, choristers, organists, and choirs will be especially interested in the department of Church and Sunday-school music. Terms, \$1.50 a year, which includes

## \$10 Worth of Music

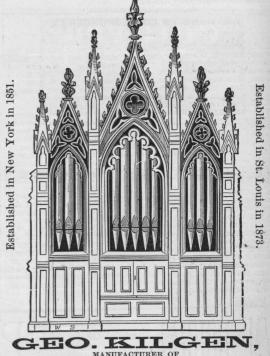
of the highest character. Address THE MUSICAL HERALD Co., Music Hall, Boston, Mass. Send stamp for postage.

### SINGERS. TO ADVICE

### BY A SINGER.

This little book is worth many times its cost to every teacher and student of music. It is designed for a pocket companion, to be referred to daily, and as such will prove almost invaluable. It may be obtained of book and music dealers generally. Price, flexible cloth, 75c. Sent by mail. E. TOURJEE,

Music Hall, Boston.



# MANUFACTURER OF

Church and Parlor Pipe Organs, Office and Factory: 639 & 641 Summit Ave.,

SAINT LOUIS, MO.

Tuning and Repairing done at short notice. Drawings, Specifications and Prices furnished free on application.

# MES PRINTING HOU

JAS. R. BISSELL,

PROPRIETOR.

RTISTIC PRINT

ADDRESS,

CHARLES E. WARE, Business Manager, TIMES BUILDING, ST. LOUIS.

A SPECIALTY MADE OF SCHOOL CATALOGUES, PROGRAMMES, INVITATIONS, THEATRICAL PRINTING, POSTERS, ETC.

-ALL IN-

NEW AND NOVEL DESIGNS OFFERED AT PRICES THAT DEFY COMPETITION.



# ST LOUIS

# PIANO MANUFACTURING COMP'NY,

OFFICE AND FACTORY, 1922 MENARD ST.,

ST. LOUIS, MO.

MITTAUER & CO., Prop's.

E. M. BOWMAN (Editor Weitzman's Manual of Musical Theory), Organ, Piano-Forte, and Theory, Jefferson Avenue and Benton Street.

Rev. T.P. Childs, Troy, Ohio has the only known means of Permanent Cure for this loathsome disease. A full Statement of his method sent free. Cure yourself at Home. No charge for consultation by mail. Address

# REV.T.P. CHILDS TROY OHIO

# VITT HUSS.

Manufacturer of and Dealer in

### Shoes, Boots

203 SOUTH FIFTH STREET,

ST. LOUIS, MO.

## to Students of MUSIC

The New Calendar of the New England CONSERVATORY and College of Music is sent free. Apply E. Tour-JEE, Music Hall, Boston, Mass.

## JOHN SCHROEDER, PRACTICAL PIANO MOVER,

Special attention paid to Moving and Unpacking Pianos. PRICES REASONABLE.

Address: MERKEL & SONS, 214 South Fifth Street.

JACOB CHRIST, No. 115 S. Fifth Street.

## Tailor. Merchant

Opposite Southern Hotel,

ST. LOUIS, MO.

Dress Coats and Evening Suits a Specialty.

MARCHAL & SMITH.



# The only House in America that sells Piano and Organ

on its own merits, sending direct from factory to purchaser, avoiding all commissions, middlemen's profits and dealer's expenses. Our Pianos and Organs have been

# TRIUMPHANT THE WORLD OVER.

FORTY THOUSAND sold. Not one dissatisfied purchaser. Guaranteed for Six Years. Sent for trial.

Purchaser takes no responsibility till the instrument has been tested in his own house and approved.

Magnificent Pianos and beautiful Organs cheaper than any other house.

Circulars, with thousands of commendations, sent free

NEW YORK. MARCHAL & SMITH, 8 West 11th St.,



# wm. Knabe & Co.'s



# 

These Instruments have been before the Public for nearly fifty years, and upon their excellence alone have attained an unpurchased pre-eminence, which establishes them as unequaled in Tone, Touch, Workmanship and Durability. Every Piano fully Warranted for five years. Prices greatly reduced. Illustrated Catalogues and Price Lists promptly furnished on application.

WM. KNABE & CO..

112 Fifth Avenue, New York. Nos. 204 & 206 W. Baltimore St., Baltimore

READ & THOMPSON, Wholesale and Retail Dealers for the KNABE PIANO, 915 OLIVE STREET, ST. LOUIS, MO.

# CHICKERING & SONS'

GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT

# 

**==57,000=** 

SOLD SINCE APRIL 1st, 1823.

The use of the Chickering Pianos by the greatest Pianists, Art Critics and Amateurs, has given to the Chickering Pianos an universal prestige and reputation far above all other Pianos manufactured in this country or Europe. The overwhelming verdict of the very highest art talent, including Dr. Franz Liszt, Gottschalk, Dr. Hans Von Bulow, Louis Plaidy, Stephen Heller, Carl Reinecke, Marmontel, Arabella Goddard, and hundreds of other masters of the art, places the Chickering Pianos of to-day at the head of the entire list of Pianos made in the world.

Illustrated Catalogues and Price Lists mailed on application to

# CHICKERING & SONS.

Cor. 18th Street and 5th Ave.

Chickering Hall, New York, or

156 Tremont Street, Boston, Mass.